THE

North-China Herald.

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION.—It is hereby notified that until further orders, the *North-China Herald* is to be considered the Official Organ of all Notifications proceeding from Her Majesty's Legation and Superintendency of Trade in China.
H. M.'s Legation, Shanghai, 22nd June, 1860.
E. St. JOHN NEALE,
Secretary of Legation.

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION.—It is hereby notified that until further orders, the *North-China Herald* is to be considered the Official Organ in China, of all Notifications proceeding from Her Britannic Majesty's Legation and Consulates in Japan.
H. B. M.'s Legation, Yedo, 20th July, 1861.
LAURENCE OLIPHANT,
Secretary of Legation.

Vol. XV., N°. 708. SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1864. Price, Taels 15 ₩ Annum.

SHIPPING.

SERVICES MARITIMES DES MESSAGERIES IMPERIALES.
Paquebots-Poste Français.
Steam for Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Batavia (per connection at Singapore with one of H.N.M.N. steamers), *Point de Galle, Aden, Suez, Alexandria, Messina, Marseilles;*
also,
Pondicherry, Madras and Calcutta.

ON SUNDAY, 21st Instant, at daylight, or such time of the night of the 20th or the morning of the 21st, as the tides may serve, the Company's Mail Steamship *HYDASPE*, Commander Armstrong, (H.I.M.N.), with H.I.M.'s Mails, Passengers, Specie & Cargo, will be despatched from this Port for the above places.

The "*Hydaspe*" will this voyage, connect at Hongkong with the Co.'s steamer "*Alphée,*" which is to leave Hongkong on the 26th instant at noon.

Exceptionally this time, the "*Alphée*" will not as usual, go direct through to Suez; she will change at Point de Galle with the "*Erymanthe*" coming from Calcutta; this latter steamer will take in transhipment the passengers and cargo of the "*Alphée*", and will convey them to Suez, whilst the "*Alphée*" will proceed to Calcutta.

☞ *Passengers going to London, are informed that the Company will convey free of charge, from Marseilles to London, their Baggage to the extent allowed by the Regulations.*

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe.

Cargo will be received on board until the 19th inst. at 5 p.m.; Specie and Parcels until the 20th inst. at Noon.

(Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at Agency's Office.)

For particulars respecting Freight and Passage, apply at the Company's Offices, French Settlement, French Bund.

BERTOLINI, *Agent.*
21fe 363 Shanghai, 13th Feb., 1864.

TOWING.
THE TUG BOAT
"MARTIN WHITE"
is prepared to tow in the Woosung and Yangtsze Rivers. Orders left with the Captain on board or with the Undersigned will be promptly attended to.
A. L. FREEMAN.
tf 31 Shanghai, January 12th, 1863.

NOTICES OF FIRMS

NOTICE.

WE have this day established ourselves in Business at Shanghai, Kiukiang, and Chinkiang,—as *Commission Agents & Public Tea and Silk Inspectors.*

NICHOL LATIMER.
ARCHIBALD J. LITTLE.
JOHN NUTT.

At Shanghai the style of our firm is Nichol Latimer & Co.

At Kiukiang and Chinkiang Latimer Little & Co.

With reference to the above the Business heretofore conducted at Kiukiang under the style of Archibald Little & Co. will henceforth be carried on under the firm and style of Latimer Little & Co.

ARCHIBALD LITTLE & Co.
tf 326 Shanghai, 1st January, 1864.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. Cursetjee Nosserwanjee Camajee, Mr. Pestonjee Nowrojee Pochajee, Mr. Dorabjee Nosserwanjee Camajee, and Mr. Rustomjee Framjee, in the Firm of the Undersigned, ceased from the 12th November, 1863.

P. & D. N. CAMAJEE & Co.
Hongkong, 31st Dec., 1863.

WITH reference to the above, notice is hereby given that Messrs. Ardasir Cursetjee Camajee, Pochajee Pestonjee Pochajee, Nowrojee Dorabjee Gae, Byramjee Framjee Metah and Muncherjee Nosserwanjee Pochajee are admitted Partners in our Firm, and that the Business hitherto conducted by us will be carried on from the 1st January 1864, under the name and style of Messrs. P. & A. C. Camajee & Co., in China.

P. & D. N. CAMAJEE & Co.
Hongkong, 31st Dec., 1863.

WITH reference to the above, notice is hereby given that from 12th day of November, 1863, our Branch Firm at Shanghai is dissolved by mutual consent and we authorize Mr. D. N. Camajee to sign our firm in Liquidation.

P. & D. N. CAMAJEE & Co.
Hongkong, 31st Dec., 1863.

REFERRING to the above notifications, I beg to intimate that I have established myself here, as *Merchant & Commission Agent*, conducting the business from 13th day of November, 1863, under the style and firm of D. N. Camajee & Co.

D. N. CAMAJEE.
26fe 348 Shanghai, 31st Dec., 1863.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.

MR. Wm. STEINWEG has been authorized to sign our Firm per procuration.

T. KROES & Co.
27fe 368 Shanghai, Feb. 1st, 1864.

EAST INDIAN UNDERWRITERS ASSOCIATION.
HEAD OFFICE BOMBAY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at this Port for the above Association are prepared to accept risks at the rates and upon the terms and conditions current with the local Offices.

MAITLAND MACLEAN & Co.
5fe-65 359 Shanghai, Feb. 6th, 1864.

NOTICE.

I have this day established myself as *Public Silk Inspector & Commission Agent*, under the Style or Firm of Waller & Co.

Temporary Office adjoining Messrs. Thorne & Co.'s Godowns, opposite Messrs. Olyphant & Co., Keang-se Road.

Hong Name
Wha Tai 泰 華
Wm. WALLER.
2jy 332 Shanghai, 1st Jan., 1864.

NOTICE.

MR. JOHN GEORGE DUNN is this day admitted a Partner in my Business, which will in future be carried on under the style or firm of Reid & Co.

DAVID REID.
tf 331 Shanghai, 1st Jan., 1864.

NOTICE.

MR. THOS. W. STILLMAN is authorized to sign our Firm.

H. FOGG & Co.
tf 227 Shanghai, 17th August, 1863.

NOTICE.

WE have established a Branch Office in Hankow.

WHITFIELD & KINGSMILL.
Civil Engineers & Architects.
tf 149 Shanghai, June 12th, 1863.

NOTICE.

MR. JULES CHAPELLE is authorized to sign our firm per procuration.

MEYNARD, COUSIN & Cie.,
tf 249 Shanghai, 10th October, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility in our firm of the late Mr. Andrew Brand ceased on the 31st December, 1862. The partners now are:
Mr. Robert Smith.
" Thomas David Neave.
" Robert Richard Westall.
" Robert Brand.
" Randal Humpston Chambers.

SMITH KENNEDY & Co.
21fe 296 Shanghai, November 21st, 1863.

NOTICE.

MR. G. SCHAUWECKER is this day admitted a partner in our Firm in China and Japan, which will in future be carried on under the style of Fajard, Schauwecker & Co.

EUGENE FAJARD & Co.
tf 145 Shanghai, 6th June, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. James C. Hasson in our Firm, ceased on the 24th *January*, 1863.

WAINWRIGHT & Co.
Shanghai, 12th March, 1863.

MR. John Thorne is authorized to sign our Firm per procuration.

WAINWRIGHT & Co.
tf 89 Shanghai, 12th March, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE Business of the Undersigned will hereafter be carried on by their Successors Messrs. Trautmann & Co., who have taken over their Assets and Liabilities.

HARKORT & Co.
Shanghai, 30th May, 1863.

THE Business hitherto carried on by Messrs. Harkort & Co., will be continued by the Undersigned, under the Firm of Trautmann & Co., they having taken over all Assets and Liabilities of their Predecessors.

Johann Friedrich Heinrich Trautmann.
Frederick Horsen Block.
August Wieters.
6ju-64 144 Shanghai, 1st June, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. William Gunston Howell in our Firm ceased on the 31st ultimo, and Mr. Thomas Moncreiff was admitted a partner on the 1st Instant.

GEO. BARNET & Co.
Shanghai, 6th April, 1863.

WITH reference to the above, notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned and Mr. Francis Hamilton Grove, under the firm or style of Moncreiff, Grove & Co., in Shanghae, determined by mutual consent on the 31st ultimo.

Their business has been transferred to Messrs. Geo. Barnet & Co., and will be carried on by Mr. F. H. Grove in London, in connection, as before, with Messrs. H. & J. Johnston & Co., of that city, and in China, with Messrs. Geo. Barnet & Co.

THOS. MONCREIFF.
tf 88 Shanghai, 6th April, 1863.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.

MR. H. Adolphus Overweg is this day admitted a partner in our Firm in China and Japan, and Mr. Anton Cornet has been duly authorized to sign our Firm per procuration from this date.

OVERWEG & Co.
14my (288) Shanghai, 12th Nov., 1863.

NOTICE.

I have this day admitted Mr. J. W. Wood a Partner in my *Business*, which will in future be carried on under the Style and Firm of Cerkuti Wood & Co.

O. E. CERKUTI.
tf 362 Ningpo, 10th February, 1864.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership hitherto existing between the undersigned, under the Firm of Rayner & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent.

All outstanding accounts will be settled by Messrs. J. Bohstedt & Co.

ROBT. RAYNER.
G. W. HARTMANN.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. J. Bohstedt in our Firm, has ceased on the 31st ulto.

Mr. Robt. Rayner and Mr. G. W. Hartmann have this day been admitted partners in our firm, which will now consist of
Mr. J. Truelsen.
" Robt. Rayner.
" G. W. Hartmann.

J. BOHSTEDT & Co.
tf 357 Ningpo, Feb. 1st, 1864.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. Jacob Whitt in our Firm expired on the 24th day of November, 1863.

E. AURBACH & Co.
tf 350 Ningpo, 23rd Jan., 1864.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. Jamieson Elles in our Firm ceased on the 31st December, 1862.

ELLES & Co.
28fe 299 Amoy, 11th Nov., 1863.

NOTICE.

MR. James Muschamp Vickers is this day admitted a partner in our Firm.

ADAM SCOTT & Co.
22ap 347 Hongkong, 1st Jan., 1864.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have this day established a Branch of their business, as *Merchants and Commission Agents*, at this Port under the management of Mr. William Adamson.

THE BORNEO COMPANY "LIMITED"
tf 218 Hongkong, 1st August, 1863.

NOTICE.

I have this day established myself at this Port, as *Tea Inspector and General Commission Agent*, under the style of Nordaby & Co.

G. NORDABY.
5ma 265 Hankow, 15th October, 1863.

NOTICE.

MR. Charles William Matthew Hodson is admitted a Partner in our Firm.

CRAVEN WILSON & Co.
tf Hankow, 1st July, 1862.

NOTICE.

MR. EDWARD TOWNEND is this day admitted a Partner in my business which will in future be carried on under the Firm and Style of Davies, Townend & Co.

R. B. DAVIES.
tf 110 Hankow, 1st. May, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has *this-day* Established himself in business at Hankow under the Style and Firm of Innes & Co.

JAMES INNES.
tf 166 Hankow, 1st July, 1863.

NOTICE.

WE have established a Branch of our Firm at this Port under the direction of our Mr. C. W. M. Hodson.

CRAVEN WILSON & Co.,
of Hankow.
tf 104 Chinkiang, 20th April, 1863.

NOTICE.

I have this day established myself at this Port as *General Agent, and Commission Merchant.*

JOHNSTONE SMITH.
tf 114 Chinkiang, 1st May, 1863.

NOTICE.

WE have this day established ourselves at this Port as *General Merchants and Commission Agents* under the Style of Wilson, Cornabe & Co.

JAMES WILSON,
W. A. CORNABE.
16ap 344 Chefoo, 9th Jan., 1864.

NOTICE.

I HAVE established myself at this Port as *Merchant and General Commission Agent* under the style of Detmering & Co.

W. DETMERING.
tf 260 Chefoo, September 1863.

NOTICE.

WE have established a branch of our Firm at Chefoo, and Mr. J. D. Thorburn will sign our Firm per procuration at that place.

MEADOWS & Co.
tf 297 Tientsin, 2nd November, 1863.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.

MR. David Eastwood will sign our firm per procuration from this date.

PLATT & Co.
17ju 314 Tien-tsin, 16th Dec., 1863.

NOTICE.

MR. Freiderich Adolph Joost and Mr. Emil Brunckow have this day been admitted Partners in our Firm.

SIEMSSEN & Co.
2ap 333 China, 1st January, 1864.

NOTICE.

WE have this day established a Branch of our *Nagasaki Firm at this place*, in which Mr. F. Abegg has been admitted a Partner.

GRÖSSER & Co.
16ma 346 Yokohama, 1st Jan., 1864.

NOTICE.

MR. James Campbell Fraser is authorised to sign our Firm per procuration.

ROSS BARBER & Co.
tf 196 Yokohama, 28th July, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE business hitherto conducted under the style of:
de Coninck, Carst & Lels,
will from and after the 1*st December*, 1863, be carried on under the firm of
CARST, LELS & Co.

P. CARST, Jr.
MURK LELS,
H. BRUŸN,
C. F. PLATE.
5ma 309 Yokohama, 1st Dec., 1863.

NOTICE.

WE have this day established ourselves at this Port as *Auctioneers & Commission Merchants* under the Style of Ballard & Hogg.

H. A. BALLARD,
THOMAS HOGG.
tf 349 Yokohama, Japan, 1st Jan., 1864.

NOTICE.

MR. James L. Glover has this day been admitted a Partner in our Firm.

GLOVER & Co.
tf Nagasaki, 1st September, 1862.

NOTICE.

THE Firm of Metzendorff Wilmans Ruys & Co. at Batavia, and Mathieu Enns Ruys & Co. at Sourabaya being dissolved this date, the Business will be carried on by the undersigned on the same footing under the style of

Wm. MATHIEU & Co.

Messrs. M. Metzendorff and H. C. Wilmans remaining interested therein as Associés Commanditaires.

Wm. MATHIEU,
R. SEHLMACHER.
30ap 351 Batavia, Sourarbaya, } 31st Dec., 1863.

JOHN POOK,
Commission Agent.
46, Lime Street,
LONDON.
E. C.
tf

INSURANCES.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are authorized to grant Policies against Fire on Buildings or their Contents to the extent of £12,000 at this Port and Hankow, and to £10,000 at Tientsin and Kiukiang, also on approved Chinese Buildings to the extent of £5,000.

DOW & Co.
31de 325 Shanghai, 1st January, 1864.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL.

CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING
INCOME—THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS PER ANNUM.

TRUSTEES:
John Shaw Leigh, Esq. | John Naylor, Esq.
Charles Turner, Esq., *Chairman.*
Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., *Deputy Chairman.*

THE Company is now prepared to grant Policies to the extent of £15,000 on any one Building of European construction or its contents, and to accept Chinese risks to the extent of £8,000 in any locality within the Settlement.

Premiums are payable in drafts at 30 days sight (favor of Percy M. Dove, Esq.)

BOWER, HANBURY & Co.,
Agents for Shanghai.
tf 295 Shanghai, 21st Nov, 1863.

BATAVA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above named Company are prepared to issue Policies of Insurance against Marine Risks to the Extent of Forty Five Thousand Mexican Dollars (Mex. $45,000.) payable in either London or Amsterdam or any of the principal ports in India and China.

HAGEMEYER & Co.
25jy-64 185 Hankow, 9th July, 1863.

INSURANCES.

The Commercial Union.
ASSURANCE COMPANY.
19, CORNHILL, LONDON, E. C.

Completely Registered pursuant to Act 7 and 8 Vict. cap. 110.

CAPITAL, £2,500,000.

DIRECTORS.

Henry William Peek, Esq (Peek Brothers & Co.) *Chairman.*
H. Trower, Esq., (Trowers and Lawson), *Deputy-Chairman*
Jeremiah Colman, Esq., (J. and J. Colman,)
Charles Curling, Esq., (C. Curling & Co.)
Edwin Fox, (Halliday, Fox and Co.)
Nehemiah Griffiths, Esq., (N. Griffiths, Tate and Fisher.)
Samuel Hanson, Esq. (Samuel Hanson and Son.)
Frederick William Harris, Esq. (Dixon and Harris.)
Smith Harrisson, Esq. (Harrisons and Crosfield.)
David Hart, Esq., (Lemon Hart and Son.)
Francis Hicks, Esq. (Thomas and Francis Hicks.
John Hodgson, Esq. (Grant, Hodgson & Co.
John Humphery, Jun., (Humphery and Son.
Moss Joshua, Esq. (Joshua Brothers and Co.
William Leask, Esq., Eastcheap.
Andrew Lusk, Esq. (A. Lusk and Co.)
Alexander Sim, Esq (Churchill & Sim.)
John Robert Thomson, Jun., Esq. (J. R. Thomson and Co.
John Kemp Welch, Esq. (Orlando Jones and Co.

Manager of Fire Department—Henry Thomson.
Actuary—W. P. Pattison.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs. Thomas and Hollams, Mincing Lane.
Bankers.—The London and County Bank.
Secretary.—Henry Ghinn.
Agents in Shanghai—Blain, Tate & Co.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for "*The Commercial Union Assurance Company*" are prepared to grant Insurance against Fire on the usual terms, to the extent of £5,000 on any one Building or on its contents.

In the case of two or more Buildings adjoining but in which the walls are substantially built and carried through the roof, a sum of £4,000 can be granted on each.

Insurances can be effected on *Shipping* and also on *Goods* on board the same

For further particulars apply to

BLAIN, TATE & Co.
27ju-64 121 Shanghai, 15th May, 1863.

Queen Insurance Company
OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

BY an arrangement entered into between the Directors of the above Companies the undersigned are empowered to accept risks against *Fire*, to the extent of £10,000 on any one Building or on its contents. The amount of such Insurances will be divided equally between the two Offices and separate Policies will be issued to the Assurers.

It is believed that this arrangement (which offers to Assurers the security of the *two wealthy proprietaries*, without entailing on them any extra trouble or expense) will be found peculiarly advantageous.

BLAIN, TATE & Co.,
Agents "Queen Insurance Company"
Agents "The Commercial Union Assurance Company."
27ju-64 122 Shanghai, 15th May, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at this port, for the "North China Insurance Company," are prepared to accept risks by steamers and sailing vessels when towed by steamers.

CRAVEN WILSON & Co.
tf 160 Chinkiang, 17th June, 1863.

保險公所

啟者本行現在鎮江作爲保險公所經理之人可保火輪船并火輪船拖帶小船等隻免受驚失如有驚者照數償還如有人欲保險者請至本行面議可也此佈

天青洋行啟

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Of Manchester and London.
Capital One Million Sterling.

THE Directors have the pleasure to announce the appointment of Messrs. Holliday, Wise & Co. as Agents for this Company at Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, and Foochow; who are prepared to grant Insurance at current rates, and of whom all needful information may be obtained.

By order of the Board,
JAS. B. NORTHCOTT,
Secretary.
tf 319 Shanghai, 24th Dec., 1864.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CIRCULAR.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co's Steam Ship "PEKIN," Captain Symes, will be despatched from Shanghai, on Wednesday, the 24th Instant at day-light, or, at such time of the night of the 23rd or morning of the 24th as the state of times may require, with Her Majesty's Mails for conveyance to Europe viâ Hongkong.

Cargo will be received on board up to 5 P.M., of Monday, the 22d instant, and Parcels at this Office until Noon of the same day.

Correct forms of Bills of Lading can be had on application to this Office.

N.B.—Shippers of Cargo on the Company's Black Bills of Lading are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of these Bills of Lading with reference to transhipment and forwarding of Cargo, with a view to the adequateness of their Insurance Policies in respect of the same.

E. WARDEN,
Agent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office,
Shanghai, 20th February, 1864.

NOTICE.

DR. BATESON is requested to call at the Office of this paper as soon as possible.

o 364 Shanghai, Feb. 20th, 1864.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and responsibility of Mr. A. SORRMANN in our firm has ceased from this date.

Our branch in Ningpo under the firm of A. SORRMANN & Co. has been closed.

H. STUBBENDORFF & Co.

o 365 Shanghai, Feb. 15, 1864.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. JOHN WISE, in the Firm of FARRRIDGE HOLLIDAY & Co., Manchester, and in our Houses in China, ceased on the 31st December, 1863.

HOLLIDAY WISE & Co.

21my 366 Shanghai, 19th Feb., 1864.

SCREW AND PADDLE STEAMERS, &c.

G. H. HARRINGTON & Co.

Architects, Engineers and Surveyors,
27, *Leadenhall Street, London, E. C.*

CONTRACTS entered into for Building Wood or Iron Screw and Paddle Steamers, Sailing Ships, Tugs or Barges suited to Sea or River Navigation.

Patent Combination Vessels with Teak Planking and Iron Frames.

Estimates and particulars forwarded on application, and contracts made for delivery of all kinds of Vessels in China.

20au 363

Shanghai Wharf Company.

立德成—*Lee-teh-shing.*

SCALE OF CHARGES.

Inclusive of Coolie Hire Inward & Outward and Piling, &c.
1st *JANUARY*, 1864.

STORAGE.	First Month Candareens.	Following Months per Month Candareens.
Beer in Bulk per Hhds.	30	20
in Bottle, per cask or case of 4 dozen,	9	3
Bean Cake, per package of 80 catties,	4	1
Cloves, per picul,	6	3
Cotton, China Raw, per picul bale,	14	10
Do. pressed do. not exceeding 400 lbs.	10	6
Coals, per ton, in the open,	80	10
in sheds	95	15
Coffee, per picul,	5	2
Dates, per picul,	6	3
Dye Wood, per picul,	8	3
Fans, Canton, per bale,	2	1
Flints, per ton,	90	10
Hemp, per picul,	5	2
Manufactured Good exclusive of Coolie hire,—		
Cotton Goods, per piece, } Coolie Hire (8 cents per package)	½	½
Woollens do. do. } Coolie Hire (8 cents per package)	1	1
Metals, Copper, manufactured,		
Copper, Sheeting, per package " " " "		
Iron, per picul,	4	1
Lead, per picul,	4	1
Quicksilver, per bottle,	4	1
Steel, per picul,	4	1
Tin, per picul,	4	1
Tin Plates, per box,	3	1
Nutmegs, per picul,	5	3
Oilman's Stores, per 3 dozen cases,	6	3
Oil, Hankow, per tub,	8	5
Japan, per tub,	9	6
Shantung, per basket,	13	10
Pease, per picul,	5	2
Paper, per picul,	6	3
Pepper, per picul,	5	2
Provisions, Beef, Pork, Flour, &c. } per barrel or bag of 200 lbs.		
Oats, Wheat, Butter. } per barrel or bag of 200 lbs.	9	3
Rattans, per picul,	5	2
Rice or Paddy per picul,	5	2
Sea Weed,		
Silk, per bale of cts.	30	25
Waste, per bale per picul	14	10
Sugar, per picul	5	2
Tallow—Animal and Vegetable, per picul packages	5	3
Tea—Black, per chest	6	3
Half do.	4	2
Green, per half chest	5	2½
Per 10 catty box	2	1
Japan, per picul package	5	3
Timber—Boards and Board Ends, 1½ inch thick, 12 feet and under, per 100 pieces } By Agreement.		
Deals, Planks, Battans, 10 feet long and under, 12 by 6 inch and underper 100 } By Agreement.		
Beams, 22 feet long and under, 8 by 6 inch, and under, per piece } By Agreement.		
Foochow Poles, 20 feet and under, per 100 } By Agreement.		
do. 20 feet to 40 feet per 100 } By Agreement.		
Balks, per ton of 40 cubic feet } By Agreement.		
Firewood, per picul } By Agreement.		
Tobacco, per package	4	1
Wax, per picul	5	2
Wool, per picul	5	2
	14	10

INSURANCE.

Special notice in writing must be given when Insurance is required.

PIER DUES.

Pier Dues of 10 Candareens per Registered Ton per diem will be charged to all Ships and Steamers using the Piers for the purpose of discharging Cargo, not to be stored in the Company's Godowns, but no amount less than Tls. 25 per diem accepted. All Coolie Hire incurred in such discharge to be paid by the Vessel, or her Agents. Ships discharging Coal, Rice, Sugar and Weight Cargoes are to put out an average of not less than 50 Tons per diem, and of Measurement not less than 100 Tons per diem, or pay demurrage of 10 Candareens per ton per diem.

GENERAL RULES.

1.—Masters of Vessels discharging and loading at the Company's Piers to obey the Regulations of the Superintendent.

2.—Rent in all cases is payable before delivery on the Gross Weight, and, unless by special arrangement, a Month's Rent will be charged for a fraction of a Month.

3.—Rent on Merchandize stored is chargeable from the date of the Ship breaking bulk.

4.—The Table of Rates is subject to such revision from time to time as shall be deemed expedient by the Wharf Company.

J. BROADHURST TOOTAL,
Manager,
Foochow Road.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE

OPIUM QUOTATIONS.

For the week ending Feb. 19th, 1864.

Feb.	Malwa New Tls.	Malwa Old Tls.	Patna New Tls.	Patna Old. Tls.
13.	515	.....	415	.....
15.	515	.....	410	.....
16.	515	.....	395	.....
17.	520	.....	400	.... 405 ....
18.	520	.....	400	.... 405 ....
19.	520	.....	400	.... 410 ....

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED.—Feb. 19th, *Eva*, Kidd, (Br. bq), from *Bangkok*, 19th *Kate Clather*, Johnson, (Br bq), from Bangkok, 19th. *Cornelia*, Barns, (Br. bq), from Liverpool, 19th *Tinghae*, Horckoppe, (Br. sch), from Ningpo, 19th *Whampoa*, Batten, (Br. str), from Ningpo.

DEPARTED.—Feb. 19th *Nepaul*, for Yokohama.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.—Per P. & O. Co.'s str. "*Pekin*," from Hongkong, Sir R. Alcock, K. C. B. Lady Alcock, Captains Wray, and Campbell, Messrs. W. Haslam, Adam, Burrows, Johnston, Jeffries, J. Forster, Campbell, Waller, Broom, Hooper, J. Black, Wild, W. Laing, Dunn, F. Diers, Lutkens, Keswick, R. Jarvie, White, Cock, W. A. Harris, J. Ricket, Silveira, Braga, and Lieut. Clements.

THE P. & O. Co.'s steamer with the Mail for Europe, &c., will leave on Wednesday, the 24th instant.

The North-China Herald.

IMPARTIAL, NOT NEUTRAL.

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20 1864

WHEN, at the American Consul's suggestion, it was resolved to hold monthly meetings of the representatives of the different nationalities resident in Shanghai, we anticipated the most important results from the conjoined action which would for the future be taken in any important question. To the general public, the proceedings of the last meeting were perhaps more interesting than those of the two previous occasions. Subjects of considerable importance in a political point of view, and of vital interest to the large body of merchants and others who possess great stakes in the tranquility of the settlements, came under the notice of the Consuls. Our readers are already acquainted with the nature of the discussions which arose on the various points brought forward. Those points were—the jurisdiction of the Municipal Council over non-represented foreigners, the propriety of establishing some foreign authority who should have the power of trying Chinese offenders accused of committing minor outrages within the settlements, and, lastly, the right of foreigners to purchase or rent land or houses in the interior. Each of these has been fully discussed in our Daily issue. It is difficult to derive a judgment from the facts elicited at the Consular Meeting as to whether our friendly relations with the local Government are at present progressing or retrograding. The progress of events since the capture of Soochow has been such as to warrant us in expressing the most gloomy forebodings as to the continuance of our influence. The acts by which (to our European notions) the Futai tarnished the renown which attached to the capture of so important a city as Soochow, evinced a disregard for foreign opinion, inconsistent with the great benefits which through foreign aid alone had been obtained. The publication of the Soochow Defence Committee's card was a subterfuge unworthy of the well known and often tried acumen of the Futai. We have unfortunately contracted the habit of examining the evidence upon which an assertion is based, and of refusing to put faith in anything that is not proved with mathematical precision. It was, therefore, highly improbable that, on the mere assertion of the Defence Committee, whoever they may have been, we should reject the statements which we already possessed on the subject, and disregard the conclusions to which simple common sense inevitably led us. The refusal to allow foreigners to acquire real property in Soochow, although tempered by the fact that the same refusal was extended to natives not resident in the city or neighborhood, might well be looked on as a return to the policy of exclusion which we flattered ourselves had been finally exploded. The Government has doubtless been informed that the English version of the twelfth article of the treaty conveys an impression essentially different from that conveyed by the Chinese text, and, on the strength of that information, it misquoted the article in question, and totally ignored the literal interpretation which should be placed on the expression "*Every part and every place*" which occurs in the Chinese version. Doubtless in so doing the writers of the despatch quoted by the Futai in his proclamation, were to a certain extent justified. The provision that "the English Government will hold the sense of any official communication as expressed in the English text, to be the correct sense," especially applied to the Treaty. But the animus evinced by the prohibition to acquire property was of such a nature as to augur ill for our future intercourse with the natives. Nevertheless, the facts which will be found recorded in the minutes of the Consular meeting can be construed into an acknowledgment of that mutual trust and confidence which afford the surest basis for friendly relations. The policy which has hitherto been adopted in China has tended to this end—the destruction of those feelings of petty jealousy which so long existed between the West and the far East, and the creation of a reciprocal feeling of esteem. So far the end to be attained was excellent. It only remained to be proved whether the effort was successful. It is therefore with much satisfaction that we notice the willingness with which the Futai, either animated by a genuine respect for Western prejudices, or by a desire to conciliate as far as possible those whose ideas of right and wrong had been outraged, has conceded to the congress of Consuls for delegation to the Municipal Council the privilege of trying unrepresented foreigners, and of saving them from the chances of brutal torture which they would incur were they left to the tender mercies of the native officials. With regard to the second point, viz. the appointment of a foreign magistrate to try natives who may commit outrages in the settlements, the Consuls must have good reason for the assertion made by the Chairman, that "there was reason to think that the local authorities were quite favourable." This, if carried out, will prove another and most important step in advance, and will put an end for ever to those evasions of justice which under the present system are but too common. The last point which was discussed—the right of foreigners to acquire land and houses in Soochow will be referred to the Ministers and Chinese central authorities. We may hope therefore, that, having already sufficiently proved the honor and loyalty of foreign nations, the Ministers will use all their influence to obtain this concession, which cannot be productive of harm, and will, in all probability, effect untold good to the Chinese people.

WE anticipate that whatever difficulty may be found in inducing the Chinese to concede the right of jurisdiction over Chinese criminals caught committing offences in the foreign settlements, will lie in the conditions they will insist on as to the manner in which that jurisdiction shall be exercised. They will not, we suspect, confer on the Municipal Council unlimited power of punishment over their countrymen; though, at a first glance, that body, possessing the executive power, might seem the most appropriate to deal with criminals after they have been arrested. The local authorities, however, will probably yield their right of jurisdiction only to a responsible and accredited officer of a foreign government. In that case, the Consul or Vice-consul of the settlement in which the crime was committed, would of course be the person on whom the duty would devolve. But, as we have before urged, in respect to foreign litigants, the consuls have already more judicial business on their hands than they can well attend to, besides looking after their other consular duties. If the Vice-consular court is every morning to be flooded with a host of Chinese culprits, of different degrees of guilt, in addition to the drunken rowdies and deserting seamen whom it already has to dispose of, it will be utterly impossible that the Vice-consul should attend to anything else than judicial business for the entire day. We believe, however, that, when Sir Harry Parkes arrives, two Vice-consuls will remain at Shanghai under him; and it is possible that this increase to the staff may render it possible for one to employ the whole, or greater portion of his time, in the manner stated. Such an arrangement, however, by absorbing the time of one individual, would destroy the advantage from the additional officer, and leave the staff, as it is now, unquestionably overworked. We would suggest, therefore, the creation of an office similar to that of Registrar of Chinese at Hongkong, though with much more extended powers. The person appointed must necessarily be a consular officer, in order to satisfy the scruples of the Chinese, about surrendering the right of jurisdiction to any other, which we have before mentioned. To him might be entrusted, besides the mere duty of adjudicating on criminals, the conduct of all matters relating to the Chinese, except of course diplomatic intercourse, which now falls on the Consulate. Such a task as that of registering the Cantonese residents, which it is now purposed to carry out, would be performed far more easily by such an officer, having the prestige of consular appointment to assist him, than it can be under present circumstances. He would come to be looked on as the *de facto* governor of the Chinese in the settlement. Influential Chinese merchants would willingly render assistance where they would, now, not take the trouble; and heads of guilds would feel that, since his entire efforts would be directed to maintain order among the Chinese, it would be almost hopeless for them to endeavour to evade, as they are now sure to do, the responsibility for the misdemeanours of their inferiors which it is purposed to cast on them. They would feel that, sooner or later, they must inevitably be brought to book; that the persistent investigation of an affair by an officer specially appointed in order to look after it, would eventually succeed, whereas at present only one effort would be made to find a culprit; every guild would repudiate the responsibility, would protest against its being divided equally among them, and after performing a number of the moral antics at which Chinamen are such adepts, would have the satisfaction of seeing the matter fall through, simply because no one could afford the time to look further into it. We believe then that, apart from the desirable object of relieving the Consulate of work which now appears likely to fall on it, the creation of a registrarship of Chinese would be effectual in maintaining better order in the settlement, by increasing the probability of the discovery of crime. At present, the Chinese are controlled, or rather control themselves, in a happy-go-lucky manner which, though very pleasant to the burglars who have lately given so many proofs of their existence, is far less satisfactory to the sufferers by their exploits. The police are almost powerless to deal with them, inasmuch as they neither understand their language, recognise their faces, nor know their haunts; and have no one better acquainted with the matter than themselves, to direct their efforts. It is the last want which we would see supplied, and therefore we suggest the appointment of a Registrar for Chinese who shall have the control of the Chinese in the three settlements.

Summary of the Week.

WE have experienced during the past week every variety of temperature short of actual summer heat. The promise of genial weather made by the first two or three days has by no means been carried out, and we now breathe a biting atmosphere, and are obliged to shelter ourselves from snow, hail and sleet.

We have but few events to record as having occurred since our last summary. The English mail of the 26th December arrived on the 18th inst., but the intelligence brought by it had, for the most part, been forestalled by the telegrams forwarded by the last French steamer. The homeward mail per *Pekin* will close on Tuesday evening next, the 23rd inst., but as the *Hydaspe* leaves to-morrow morning, she will anticipate the northern news carried by the P. & O. steamer. We announced some weeks ago that David Williams, who was convicted of piracy and murder on the Yangtsze, had stated, after sentence of death had been pronounced by the American Consul General, that he was an English subject, and would therefore demand to be given up to the English Consul. The matter was referred to the ministers, but Sir Frederick Bruce has declined to accept his declaration of nationality. He will, therefore, be executed on Friday next, the 26th inst. Sir Frederick Bruce's decision has given universal satisfaction, as it will tend to prevent rowdies who may at some future period emulate Williams' renown, from playing fast and loose with their nationality, and suiting their own convenience in the choice of a Consul. On the 15th inst., the usual monthly meeting of Consuls was held. The Representatives of America, France, Russia, Portugal, Spain, Prussia and the Netherlands were present. The subjects laid before the meeting were fully discussed in our Daily issues of the 15th, 17th, and 18th insts, and are again alluded to in our leading columns. A report of the proceedings will also be found in another column. On the 16th, the Trustees and supporters of the Chinese Hospital held their annual meeting. The Report of the past year was read and adopted. It announced a most gratifying degree of progress during the year 1863, while a balance of Tls. 818 remained in the Treasurer's hands on the 1st January. Messrs. Antrobus and Gamwell were elected as Trustees in the place of Messrs. Moncrieff (deceased) and Robert Reid (absent.) Three vacant places in the Hospital Committee were filled by Doctor Johnston and Messrs. Major and Loureiro. The Treasurer stated that the hospital and the Resident Medical Officer's house had been insured during the past year. The thanks of the meeting were presented to the Resident Medical Officer (Doctor Henderson), and to the Treasurer (P. Loureiro, Esq.), and the same gentlemen were re-elected for the current year. The Minutes of

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e Municipal Council held on the 12th siant contain little of interest. An tempt at a "*squeeze*" on the part of me Cantonese was discovered, and a tification concerning it issued, but a ight incoherence in the narrative as sued by the Board, prevents us from ving an accurate summary of the rcumstances which actually took place. e can barely succeed in ascertaining at before the culprits were discovered, ey had succeeded in obtaining about e hundred and forty-three dollars, d that the squeeze was in some way nnected with the present Municipal ass system.

The Japanese embassy which is bout to proceed to England to negoiate the closure of *Kanagawa*, and to xplain the death of M. Camus, arrived ere in H.I.M.S. *Monge* on the 15th i-tant. The ambassadors are three in umber, and are accompanied by thireen minor officials, and a retinue of wenty-four attendants. They took up uarters at the Astor House, and walkd freely about the settlements, exciting n immense amount of attention from the Chinese. An evening or two after their rrival, a policeman of more than ordinary lensity arrested one of the inferior offiers, and led him in triumph to the tation, on a charge of carrying arms in he settlement. Mr. Inspector Ramsbottom of course immediately ordered the prisoner to be released. It was fortunate that no serious disturbance was caused. The ambassadors embarked yesterday on board the *Cyclope*, and will start in her to-morrow morning.

From HONGKONG our advices per P. and O. steamer extend to the 12th inst. Vanderlaan, who was captured at *Wantaquan*, and convicted of the murder of the captain of the *Rosina*, was executed on the 9th. A Report of the Races will be found in another column.

We have received dates from Soochow to the 16th instant. It is reported that the city of Kiashing has surrendered to the Imperialists, but no particulars have, up to the present, transpired. Ching was on the point of leaving Soochow to aid in the attack, but this movement is, of course, now unnecessary. Gordon will leave Quinsan in a few days, and march to the attack of Yen-shing, a city to the west of the Tai-hu, and between Soochow and *Nanking*. The *misunderstanding* between Gordon and the Futai seems perfectly at an end, as is also the ill-feeling between him and Ching. Gordon will march his men through Soochow—entering at the Low-mên, and leaving again at the Cha-mên.

No advices of importance have reached us from NINGPO since the date of our last Summary. Our river Correspondents are likewise unusually silent. We presume that there is nothing to write about. Trade would seem to be excessively dull, the last steamer from Hankow and ports being the *Fusi-yama*, which arrived in the river on the 9th instant.

Our Correspondents at CHEFOO and TIENTSIN report that the weather at those ports has been unusually mild. No business of any kind is being done, as the natives have hardly recovered from the effects of the New Year festivities.

From PEKING, we have received no letters.

Our files of JAPAN papers extend to the 3rd instant, but contain no fresh political intelligence.

MINUTES *of a Consular Meeting held at H. B. M. Consulate on the 15th February* 1864.

Present Messrs. SEWARD, (Chairman) RAMEAU, DIXWELL, DENT, RODRIGUEZ, RADOWITZ, and KROES.

The Chairman stated that the Consular body had not as yet communicated with the Municipal Council in relation to the assent of the Chinese authorities to the request made by their Committee in regard to conferring jurisdiction over foreigners unrepresented by Consuls. He laid the correspondence before the meeting, to go upon the minutes.

(A.)

The Chairman also stated that in the communications which had taken place between their committee, in which Mr. Markham and himself were associated, and the Chinese authorities, concerning the registration of the Cantonese in the British and American settlements, the point had been raised at the suggestion of the last Meeting of the Consuls, whether the local authorities would consent to delegate their jurisdiction over Chinese located within the settlements to some foreign authority, in so far as minor criminal matters are concerned. There was reason to think that the local authorities were quite favorable to this. The letters which had passed were read.

The Chairman then stated that Mr. Mayers had informed him that it had been Mr. Markham's intention to call the attention of the Meeting to a dispatch which had been received by him from the Futai concerning the tenure of land by foreigners in the interior. The dispatch was read.

(B.)

The above dispatch had also been sent to other Consular representatives, and had received publicity through a corresponding proclamation made by the Futai, a translation of which had appeared in the local press. The Chairman thought it desirable that a general reply should be sent to the Futai on the part of the Consuls.

Some discussion took place in regard to the various matters before the meeting.

The following was offered by Mr. Dixwell, and seconded by Mr. Dent.

Resolved that Messrs. Seward and Markham be a committee to communicate to the Municipal Council the correspondence in reference to jurisdiction over *unrepresented foreigners*.

Carried unanimously.

The following was offered by Mr. Dent, and seconded by Mr. Dixwell.

Resolved that a committee be chosen to answer the Futai's dispatch of January 23rd, to the effect that the point raised therein as to the right of foreigners to purchase land and houses in the interior, must not be considered as finally disposed of until an opportunity has been afforded to secure the judgment of the high authorities at Pekin in the matter, but that they deem the sixth article of the French Treaty, taken in connection with the favored nation clauses of other Treaties, conclusive as to the right of foreign missionaries to buy land and houses for their own use at all places throughout the empire.

Carried unanimously.

The following was offered by M. Rameau, and seconded by Sr. Rodriguez.

Resolved that Her Majesty's Consul be requested to draft and forward a dispatch in accordance with the above, if the same shall meet his views.

Carried unanimously.

The following was offered by Mr. Seward, and seconded by Mr. Dent.

Resolved that a committee be appointed to conduct the negociation with the Chinese authorities regarding the jurisdiction over the Chinese resident within the settlements, with a view that the correspondence be laid before the Land Renters at their next meeting. The committee will be careful however not to commit the Consuls or the Land Renters to any definite policy.

Carried unanimously.

Mr. Kroes offered, and M. Rameau seconded the following.

Resolved that Messrs. Seward and Markham shall act as the committee under the above resolution.

The Meeting then adjoined.

GEO. F. SEWARD,
Chairman.

(A.)

SHANGHAI, *November 19th*, 1863.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY, THE IMPERIAL COMMISSIONER AND FUTAI LI.

It is the duty of the undersigned to address Your Excellency in pursuance of a Resolution adopted at a meeting of the Foreign Consular body, at Shanghai, which has been held for the purpose of discussing the measures most suitable for maintaining better order in the foreign settlements at this place.

Their attention has on repeated occasions been directed to the disorders caused by vagabond foreigners of various nationalities, to whom exceptional facilities for indulging their lawless propensities are offered by the circumstances of the Port of Shanghai, where the enormous concourse of Shipping tends to accumulate a floating population of a highly dangerous class; and placed as the undersigned are with reference to their respective nationals and to Your Excellency's Government, they have hitherto exerted themselves to the utmost of their power in checking the disorders and crime which result from this state of affairs. Recent events have now, however, made it apparent that measures still more comprehensive are required for the maintenance of the public peace, and in consequence of this, the representatives of thirteen of the European Governments assembled on the 19th instant at the British Consulate, and deputed to the undersigned the task of communicating to Y. E. the Resolutions they then adopted.

The undersigned have therefore to observe that, in view of the fact that Y. E's. Government has hitherto declined the jurisdiction over foreign subjects unrepresented by Consuls in this country, few means exist for restraining dangerous characters of this class, and it is obviously desirable that a provision be made for imposing checks upon their conduct. At the meeting referred to, the only feasible plan appeared to be, the investment of the Municipal Council of Shanghai, who already possess a limited police jurisdiction within the established boundaries, with such additional powers as shall enable them to deal with offenders who have no Consuls on the spot. As the actual authority over such men undoubtedly rests with Y. E's. Government, it is therefore proposed that this authority be delegated, through the undersigned, to the Municipal Council, who will exercise it under their supervision, with the view of providing a check upon the class of foreigners described above.

It is not, however, these men alone to whom mischief is to be ascribed. Vagabonds of all nations are known constantly to roam in the interior, and to cause numerous disturbances. That they are enabled to do this with impunity must in fairness be ascribed to the remiss manner in which the duties of the various Guard and Customs' stations are discharged; inasmuch as were proper means enforced for demanding and inspecting passports, it would be less easy for these individuals to reach interior places. The undersigned, therefore, in view of the Treaty Provisions as regards the issue of Passports, beg to suggest that orders be generally circulated by Your Excellency, enjoining a strict enforcement of the rule requiring Passports to be presented by all foreigners proceeding beyond the distance of 100 li, within which they are allowed to travel unprovided with such documents; and further, inasmuch as disturbances are occasionally committed within the immediate *neighbourhood of Shanghai, they further* request that Y. E. will give orders for the arrest by the local authorities, of any foreigners who may be guilty of such acts, and who should at once be sent to the undersigned for due enquiry and punishment. They must however call particular attention to the Rule which provides that, in escorting from the interior any persons who may have proceeded thither without passports, they must not be subjected to ill-usage or more than necessary restraint. Trusting that the measures now proposed will prove effective in affording a check on the existing disorders, the undersigned lay these suggestions before Y. E. and avail themselves of this opportunity to renew the expression of their esteem and regard.

(Sd.) JOHN MARKHAM,
H.M.'s Acting Consul.
P. C. RAMEAU,
Gérant du Consulat Général de France.
GEO. F. SEWARD,
U.S. Consul General.
TH. PROBST,
H P.M.'s Vice Consul.
GEO. BASH. DIXWELL,
H.I.R.M.'s Vice Consul.

No. 419.

THE IMPERIAL COMMISSIONER & FUTAI LI.

To the Consuls for Great Britain, France, the United States, Russia, and Prussia.

December 10th, 1863.

The Imperial Commissioner has received the despatch jointly addressed to him by the honorable Consuls, under date of Nov. 27th, with reference to the measures considered necessary for maintaining control over foreigners of all nations in and around Shanghai. (Despatch quoted in full).

The action now taken by the honorable Consuls, meeting to decide upon means for respectively controlling the subjects of each nationality, in view of the vagabond class of foreigners without settled means of livelihood who make Shanghai their abode, will be a source of advantage to Chinese and foreigners alike, and is viewed by the Imperial Commissioner with profound satisfaction. With regard to the subjects of nationalities unrepresented by Consuls, living as they do in the midst of the general community and speaking in foreign tongues, it is in fact out of the power of the Chinese authorities to exercise discrimination and authority. It is *right that the honorable Consuls should* transmit to the Municipal Council the power, on behalf (of the Chinese Government), of holding jurisdiction on such persons, supervision being at the same time maintained by the Consular body, and no laxity being suffered to exist. The Imperial Commissioner accordingly issues general instructions to all the Chinese subordinate authorities, based on the tenor of the communication received, and has farther to forward this reply, and to request the honorable Consuls to take action accordingly.

Tung-chih, 2nd year 10th month, 30th day.
Translated by
(Sd.) W. S. F. MAYERS,
Interpreter H.B.M Consulate.

(B.)

No. 26 THE FUTAI LI
to H. M.'s Acting Consul.
January 23rd 1864.
Received Jany. 28th 1864.

The Futai has to state to H. M.'s Consul that, having recaptured the city of Soochow, it is his first object to recall the scattered and homeless population, and to re-establish them as promptly as possible in their old position; but on making inquiry, it is found that some, whose houses are still in existence, have already disposed of them by sale, whilst others, to whom nothing but their land remains, have also transferred this to the care of others. The greater number of these are persons who having taken refuge at Shanghai before the recapture of Soochow, privately disposed of their interests, and among such it is reported, are cases of sale to foreign merchants. In the Treaties, however, the 12th Article of the British Treaty reads as follows:—British subjects, whether at the ports or at other places, desiring to build or open houses, warehouses, churches, hospitals, or burial grounds, shall make their agreement for the land or buildings they require at the rates prevailing among the people, equitably and without exaction on either side;" and in addition, a despatch on this subject was received from the Imperial Foreign Board on the 13th December to the *following effect.*

"An English Missionary named ———, (Pin-Wei-lin) having purchased a house at the district city of Lung-ki in the Chang-chow Prefecture in Fukien, it appears that Chang-chow is in the interior, where the English Missionary has no right to purchase a house, as the 12th article of the Treaty itself has reference solely to the renting of land and purchase of houses at the open Ports. The Treaty contains no reference to the interior, and the renting of sites in the interior must therefore not be permitted. The local authorities are to be instructed to prohibit in conformity with the Treaty, the purchase of the house by the Missionary in question."

The Futai has hereupon to observe that Soochow is plainly an interior place, where foreigners have no right even to rent land for the purpose of building houses. Much less can they purchase land and houses, in utter disregard of Treaty stipulations. This is a practice which cannot be allowed to creep in, and which would result in injury to the relations of friendship. The Futai has now issued a Proclamation to the inhabitants declaring all deeds of sale of houses or land drawn up before the re-capture of Soochow to be null and void, such houses and lands to revert to the original proprietor, or to be redeemed by him; but as the merchants of the Consul's *honorable nation* may not be fully informed hereof, the Futai has to request him promptly to notify them, prohibiting their entering upon a violation of the Treaty, by purchasing, houses or land within or without the walls of Soochow. Should any persons have heretofore been led to make such purchases, they cannot be recognised, and the purchasers must be required to obtain through the broker, restitution of the purchase money from the original proprietor. Should however, foreign merchants persist in wrongfully adhering to possession of such property in defiance of the Treaty, both land and houses must be declared confiscated. In case the Chinese proprietor should refuse to refund the amount, it will be the duty of the local *authorities to fulfil the duties of equity* by compelling restitution by the most stringent measures.

Tung-chih 2nd year, 12th moon 15th day.
Translated by
(Sd.) W. S. F. MAYERS, *Interpreter*

THE CHINESE HOSPITAL.

THE Annual Meeting of the Trustees and supporters of the above institution was held yesterday at the residence of Doctor Henderson.

Mr. Hanbury, was called to the chair, and Doctor Henderson read the Report for the past year, which was of great interest, and shewed a vast increase in the amount of good effected by the Hospital. The Treasurer's Accounts and Report were handed in. The total expenditure for the year 1863, was $1,696, while the balance remaining on the 1st January 1864 was Tls. 818.

The following Resolutions were then passed unanimously.

Proposed by Mr. Gamwell, seconded by Mr. Maclean:—

That the Treasurer's account, with the account of expenditure, be passed, and that the Report now read of the proceedings for the past year, be adopted by this meeting, and printed for general circulation.

Proposed by Mr. Thorne, and seconded by Mr. Major:—

That the thanks of this Meeting be given to the office bearers, especially to the Treasurer and the Medical Officer in Charge, for their services during the past year, and that the same gentlemen be severally re-elected for the current year.

Proposed by the Revd. W. Muirhead, and seconded by Mr. Thorne:—

That Messrs. Antrobus and Gamwell be elected as Trustees to supply the place of Messrs. D. Moncrieff and R. Reid; and that Doctor Johnston, and Messrs. J. Major and P. Loureiro take the vacant places on the Hospital Committee.

It was then proposed by Mr. Loureiro, and seconded by Mr. Cuthbertson, that Messrs. Hanbury and Gamwell be instructed to obtain Title Deeds from the British Consulate for the Hospital property, as the documents hitherto held have been of an informal character. The Treasurer announced that the Hospital and Medical Officer's house had during the past year been insured.

Proposed by Mr. Cuthbertson, and seconded by Mr. Loureiro:—

That the thanks of the Meeting be presented to Mr. Hanbury, for his kindness in presiding.

HONGKONG RACES.

(China Mail.)

FIRST DAY, *3rd February.*

1—*The Wong-Nei-Chong-Stakes.*—For all Ponies; 13 hands and under. Weight for inches. Former Winners of this Race excluded. Entrance $5 each, with $50 from the Fund. Once round,
1st *Timor,*
2d *Sleeping Weazel,*
3d *Reminiscences.*

2—*The Canton Cup.*—Value 100 Guineas, —presented,—for Arabs only. Weight 10st. Former Winners of this Race 7 lbs. Entrance $10. One-mile-and-a-half.
1st *Hadji,*
2d *Early-Purl,*
3d *Bedouin,*
4th *Aneza.*

3—*The Pony Welter.*—For all Ponies.—13 hands, 9st. 7 lbs. Give or take 7 lbs. for every inch under or over Entrance $5 each, with $50 from the Fund. One mile.
1st *Aga,*
2d *Reindeer,*
3d *Sir Harry.*

4—*The 99th (Lanarkshire) Cup.*—Value 100 Guineas, presented by the 99th Regiments. For all Horses. Arabs 9st, Colonials and Americans 10st. 7lbs., 5 years 11st. 6 years and aged 11st. 2lbs. Entrance $10 each. One-mile-and-a-half.
1st *Haddington,*
2d *North Pole.*

5—*The Setna Cup.*—Value £50, presented by a Subscriber, for all horses that have never run in China for a Cup of the value of £100, and are not entered at this Meeting for a Cup of the same. Entrance $5 each. English horses 11st. 7 lbs., Colonials and Americans 10st. One-mile-and-a-half.
1st *Scamp,*
2d *Pathfinder.*

6—*The Subscription Cup.*—Presented,—value $300. For all China and Manila ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Entrance $5 each. Winners at this Meeting to carry a penalty of 7 lbs. Twice round and a distance.
1st *Spanish Student,*
2d. *Mrs. Gamp,*
3d. *Timor.*
4th *Cobweb,*
5th *Defiance.*

7—*The Fakei Cup.*—Value $700, presented by the American Community of Canton and Hongkong. For all horses. Arabs 9st., Colonials and Americans 10st., English 11st. 3 lbs. Entrance $10 each. One mile.
1st *Anecdote,*
2d *Sir William,*
3d *Teddington,*
4th *Templar.*

8—*The Galloway Stakes*—For Galloways, 14 hands and under. Entrance $5 each, with $ 75, added from the Fund. 14 hands 10st., 5 lbs., 7 lbs. allowed for every inch under. One mile.
1st *Obscure,*
2d *Zouave.*

SECOND DAY, *4th February.*

1—The *Sturry Stakes.*—For all Ponies. Catch Weights. Entrance $5 each, with $50 from the Fund. Last Pony to pay second Pony's entrance. Half a mile.
1st *Reindeer,*
2d *Sir Harry,*
3d *Wee Pet.*

2—*The Challenge Cup.*—For all Horses. Entrance $10 each. Weights; Arabs 9st., stud-bred 10st., Colonial 10st. 7lb., English 11st. To be won two years consecutively by a horse or horses the *bonâfide* property of the same owner. Two miles.
1st *North Pole,*
2d *Haddington,*
3d *Chieftain.*

3—*The Tepoy Plate.*—Presented,—for Ponies, (Arab-bred excluded). Value $250. Weight for inches. Previous winner at this meeting to carry such additional weight as may be declared by the Stewards after the running of the Subscription Cup. Entrance, $5. One mile and a half.
1st *Spanish Student,*
2d *Cobweb,*
3d *Black Prince.*

4—*The Glenealy Cup.*—Value 100 guineas, presented by a former Subscriber, for Arabs; only 10 st. each. The Winner of the Canton Cup excluded. Entrances $10 each. One-mile-and-a-half.
1st *Forrester,*
2d *Bedouin,*
3rd *Early Purl.*

5—*The Roadster's Plate.*—Value $150, for all horses not entered for any Cup except the Setna Cup during the Meeting. Winners of the Setna Cup excluded. Catch Weights. Entrance $5 each. Half-a-mile.
1st *Mameluke,*
2d *Whalebone.*

6—*The Barristers' Cup.*—Presented,—value 100 guineas, for all horses. Weights: Arabs 9st., Colonials and Americans, 10st., English horses 4 years and under 10st. 7 lbs., 5 years 11st., 6 years and aged 11st. 2 lbs. Entrance $10 each. From the Black Rock twice round and in.
1st *Haddington,*
2d *Chieftain.*

7—*The Parsee Cup.*—Value $200, presented by the Parsee Community. For all horses, English excepted. Arabs 10st., Stud-breds 10st. 7 lbs., others 11st. Entrance $10. One-mile-and-a-half.
1st *Scamp,*
2d *Anecdote,*
3d *Templar.*

8—*The Bisnee Cup.*—Value 70 guineas, presented by a Subscriber. For all horses. Arabs 9st. Colonials and Americans 10st., English 4 years old 10st. 10 lbs. 5 years and upwards 11st., 5 lbs. Winners of any Cup at this Meeting to carry 7 lbs. extra. Entrance $10 each. Twice round.
1st *Sir William,*
2d *Traveller,*
3d *Pathfinder.*

THIRD DAY, *5th February.*

1.—*The Ladies' Purse.*—For all Ponies that have run at this meeting to be handicapped by the Stewards. Maximum weight 11st. 7lbs. Entrance free for Ponies accepting $5. One mile.
1st *Aga,*
2d *Reindeer,*
3d *Sir Harry,*
4th *Wee Pet.*

2.—*The German Cup.*—Presented by the German community, value £200. Weight; Arabs 9st., Colonies 10st. 7lbs., English 11st. 3lbs. Previous winners at this meeting to carry 7lbs. extra. One mile and a quarter.
1st *North Pole,*
2d *Haddington.*

3.—*The Foochow Cup.*—Value 150 guineas, presented by Foochow community for all Horses, English horses excepted. Weights: Arabs 9st. 7lbs., Stud-bred 10st. 3lbs., Colonials 10st. 10lbs. Three Horses from opposing Stables to start. No allowance for Mares or Geldings. Entrance $10. From the Black Rock, twice round and in.
1st *Traveller,*
2d *Pons Assinorum,*
3d *Hadji.*

4.—*The Valley Stakes.*—For all Manila and China Ponies. Weight for inches. Former winners of this race to carry 7lbs. extra progressively. Entrance $5 each, with $50 from the fund. Once round and a distance.
1st *Cobweb,*
2d *Spanish Student,*
3d *Mrs. Gamp.*

5.—*The Portuguese Cup.*—Value $600 presented by the Portuguese community, for all Horses. Arabs 9st., Stud-breds 10st., Colonials and Americans 10st. 4lbs, English 11st. Winners of the 99th, Challenge, Barristers' and German Cups excluded. Entrance $10 each. One mile and a half.
1st *Sir William,*
2d *Forrester.*

The Shanghae Cup.—Value 100 guineas presented by the Shanghae Community for all horses. Arabs 9st., Colonials 10st., English 11st. Entrance $10. Two miles.
1st *Chieftain,*
2d *Sir William,*
3d *Haddington,*

The Native Scramble.—First pony $25, second $10, third $5, to be ridden by Chinaman. Catch weight. One round.
Won by Reindeer.

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INSURANCES.

THE
LANCASHIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.
CAPITAL .. £2,000,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS IN MANCHESTER.
JOHN TODD, Esq., Chairman.
W. H. Bradley, Esq.
John Clegg, Esq.
B. Darbyshire, Esq., Liverpool.
Alexander Ewing, Esq., Glasgow.
William Fenton, Esq., Rochdale.
Samuel Hargreaves, Esq.
John Knowles, Esq.
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Edward Wanklyn, Esq.
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DIRECTORS IN LIVERPOOL.
C. HOLLAND, Esq., Chairman.
B. Darbyshire, Esq.
Thomas Fry, Esq.
Henry Jump, Esq.
Frederic Lyon, Esq.
James Smith, Esq.
James Smith, Esq.
Thos. R. Stolterfoht Esq.
The income of the Company is now as under:—

Fire premiums, upwards of.....	£ 60,000
Life premiums and interest.....	29,000
The Life Assurance Fund now exceeds.....	88,000
The Funds of the Company exceeds.....	251,000

FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Insurances are transacted on terms as moderate as those of any responsible office.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
The Lancashire is also prepared to receive proposals for Life Assurance.
Prospectuses, forms of proposal, and all further information may be obtained from
W. R. ADAMSON & Co.,
Agents at Shanghai.
tf 241 Oct. 3, 1863.

China Fire Insurance Company.

Subscribed Capital Tls. 2,000,000.
In 400 Shares, of Taels 5,000 each.
Paid up Capital Taels 200,000.

DIRECTORS.
F. B. JOHNSON, Esq., (Messrs. Johnson & Co.) *Chairman.*
H. H. WIGGINS, Esq., *Manager Commercial Bank of India.*
F. HENDERSON, Esq., (Messrs. Jarvie, Thorburn & Co.)
F. PORTER, Esq., (Messrs. Gibb Livingston & Co.)
J. THORNE, Esq. (Messrs. Thorne Bros. & Co.)
DAVID REID, Esq.

AGENCIES are about to be established at the several Ports in China and Japan.
Applications for Shares will be received by the Undersigned.
The Company will be ready to accept risks and grant Policies from the 1st January, 1864.
L. JOSEPHS,
Secretary
tf 320 Shanghai, 22nd Dec., 1864.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Marine Branch: 5 ROYAL EXCHANGE AVENUE, LONDON.
CAPITAL... 2,500,000.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the *Marine Branch* of the above Company, are prepared to issue Policies at current rates of Premium.
GIBB LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf 258 Shanghai, 14th Oct., 1863.

BOMBAY ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE undersigned having been appointed *Agents* at this Port for the above Company are prepared to grant Policies against Marine Risks on the usual terms and conditions.
DAVID SASSOON SONS & Co.
tf 170 Shanghai, 29th June, 1863

AUSTRALIAN FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
(Liability Limited.)
MARINE DEPARTMENT.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Shanghai for this Company, are now prepared to issue Policies on Marine Risks only, on the usual terms.
Losses can be made payable in Shanghai, Hongkong, Calcutta, Melbourne, or London.
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
tf 308 Shanghai, 4th December, 1863.

COLONIAL SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at this Port for the above Company are prepared to grant Marine risks on the usual terms.
Policies payable in the principal ports of India and China.
BOURJAU, HUBENER & Co.
tf 123 Shanghai, 14th May, 1863.

IRON GODOWNS, MACHINERY, AND IRON WORK OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
THE Undersigned have made arrangements for the execution in England of all work of the above description under superintendence of an experienced Civil Engineer.
WHITFIELD & KINGSMILL.
tf 322 Shanghai, 2nd January, 1864.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at this Port for the above Company are prepared to grant Policies against Marine Risks at the Current Rates of Premium.
DOW & Co.
31de 324 Shanghai, 1st January, 1864.

INSURANCES.

MARINE INSURANCE.
THE Undersigned, Agents of the *Sun Mutual Insurance Company* and *Mercantile Mutual Insurance Company*, are prepared to issue Policies, upon the customary terms, not to exceed $50,000 by one vessel.
Policies can be made payable in Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore, Bombay, Calcutta, London, or Liverpool.
In addition to the usual brokerage of 10 per cent. a dividend of five per cent. will be declared at the end of each year, upon the amount of premia paid by Insurers, excepting that on Policies, under which claims have been made.
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
tf 276 Shanghai, 22nd Sept., 1863.
(31st Oct.)

"OCEAN" MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF ROTTERDAM.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at this Port for the above Company, are prepared to grant Risks on the usual terms.
TRAUTMANN & Co.
20ju-64 157 Shanghai, 19th June. 1863.

THE
LANCASHIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.
THE Directors of the Lancashire Insurance Company have appointed Messrs. W. R. ADAMSON & Co. Agents for the Company at Shanghai.
By Order,
GEORGE STEWART,
General Manager.
tf 240 Manchester, July 1863.

SUN FIRE OFFICE,
LONDON.
Established in 1710
Managers:
WILLIAM HAMILTON, Esq.,
Chairman & Treasurer.
CHARLES B. FORD, Esq.,
Deputy Chairman.
The Right Hon. W. M. BERESFORD, M.P.
The Hon. P. PLEYDELL BOUVERIE.
HARRY CHESTER, Esq.
SAMUEL PEPYS COCKERELL, Esq.
RAIKES CURRIE, Esq., M.P.
JOHN DRUMMOND, Esq.
RUSSELL ELICE, Esq.
WILLIAM FRANKS, Esq.
Capt. H. G. HAMILTON, R.N.
JOSEPH HOARE, Esq.
FELIX LADBROKE, Esq.
H. F. SHAW LEFEVRE, Esq.
HENRY LITTLEDALE, Esq.
GEORGE WRAGE NORMAN, Esq.
BRICE PEARSE, Esq.
CHARLES RICHARD POLE, Esq.
LAMBERT POLE, Esq.
CHARLES RANKEN, Esq.
HENRY RICH, Esq., M.P.
JOHN SHEPHERD, Esq.
HENRY STUART, Esq., M.P.
C. GEORGE THORNTON, Esq.
THE MANAGERS of the SUN FIRE OFFICE LONDON, beg leave to inform the British and Foreign Residents at Shanghai that they have constituted and appointed the undersigned as their Attorneys, to issue POLICIES OF INSURANCE against FIRE on BUILDINGS, GOODS, MERCHANDIZE, and other property, at those places.
Full particulars of RATES, &c., may be obtained on application to.
LINDSAY & Co.
tf 108 Shanghai, January 1st, 1863.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents at this Port for the above Company, and are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE at Shanghai on the customary conditions.
For further particulars apply to
GILMAN & Co.
tf Shanghai, 16th January, 1862.

THE LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at this port for the above Company are prepared to grant Policy by first-class vessels from Shanghai to any Port or Ports in the United Kingdom, also by steamers to Ports on the Coast of China, India, Australia, and Europe. Payable in London.
ROTHWELL, LOVE & Co.
tf 53 Shanghai, 26th August, 1862.

PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE Undersigned are now prepared to grant Policies in this Office on the usual terms and conditions to the extent of Shanghai Taels 15,000 on the contents of any one building, situated on the British Concession at Tsechuhtin, Tien-tsin.
SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
tf Shanghai, 25th August, 1862.

THE NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL £1,250,760 STG.
THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances against fire to the extent of £10,000 Stg. on any one Building, or on its contents.
For Terms, &c., apply to
TURNER & Co.
tf Shanghai, 3d February, 1862.

YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
THE Undersigned, having been chosen Secretaries and Agents of this Association are prepared to issue Policies upon marine risks at current rates of premium.
Policies can be made payable in London, New York, Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Hongkong, Fuchau and Shanghai.
In addition to the usual brokerage, this Association returns to the assured of each year, at the close of each current year, fifteen per cent of the profits of the Company for that year, divided *pro rata* to the amount of premiums paid by each Policy holder.
RUSSELL & Co.,
Secretaries.
tf Shanghai November 1st 1862.

NOTICE.
BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS IN CHINA for the above-named Insurance Company, are now prepared to issue Policies against Marine Risks upon the usual terms, to the extent of Mexican $47,000 by Sailing Ship, and Mexican $90,000 by Steamer.
WM. PUSTAU & Co.
19ap-64 Shanghai, 18th April, 1862.

INSURANCES.

NOTICE.
BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
COLONIAL MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY OF BATAVIA.
THE Undersigned Agents for the above named Companies, are prepared to issue Policies upon Marine risks upon the customary conditions.
Policies can be made payable in London, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, and at almost every port of India, China, and Australia.
ADRIAN & Co.
tf 25 Nagasaki, December, 1862

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.
THE Undersigned have been authorised to GRANT POLICIES against Fire on buildings owned by Europeans and in the occupation of Chinese, provided such buildings are of first class construction and situate in the Foreign Settlement.
TURNER & Co.
tf Shanghai, 9th April, 1862.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above-named Company at this Port, are prepared to grant POLICIES AGAINST FIRE to the Extent of £5,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.
MACPHERSON & MARSHALL.
tf Yokohama, 24th October 1861.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL.
THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents in Shanghai for the above Company and are prepared to grant Policies against Fire, as follows—
On private Dwelling Houses of the best description, detached and in the occupation of Foreigners, at the rate of ½ *per cent per annum.*
On Furniture and Stores in the above, 1 *per cent per annum.*
On first-class detached Godowns, ½ *per cent per annum.*
On second-class Godowns 1 *per cent per annum.*
On Merchandize in Godowns, 1 *per cent per annum*; ½ *per cent for* 3 *months*, and ¼ *per cent for* 6 *months.*
Policies will be granted to the extent of £10,000 *on any one* Building or on its contents.
No Insurance will be considered in force until the premium be paid.
Considerable advantages are offered by this Company to those effecting Insurance for a longer period than one year.
Forms of Proposals and all requisite information can be obtained at the Offices of the Undersigned.
BLAIN, TATE & Co.
tf Shanghai, 1st July, 1861.

PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE undersigned are prepared to grant Policies in this Office on the usual terms and conditions to the extent of £10,000, on any one building with its contents, or to the extent of £30,000 on three or more separate buildings in the same occupancy.
SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
tf Shanghai, 25th February, 1859.

"HAMBURG—BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY."
THE undersigned having been appointed Agents in China *for the above named Company are* prepared to grant policies against fire at Shanghai to the extent of £10,000, — on one risk, as under:
1, On Buildings or on their contents.
2, On Ships, lying in port, or on their contents.
For further particulars apply to
WM. PUSTAU & Co.,
Agents in Shanghai.
tf Shanghai, 1st December, 1858.

ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
THE undersigned Agents in Shanghae for the above Company are prepared to accept assurance as under:
On private Dwelling Houses of the best description, *used strictly as such*, and the contents consisting of Household furniture, &c., therein, in private use, at the rate of ½ *per cent per annum.*
On Buildings of Brick or Stone covered with Tiles, Slates or Metal, detached from Chinese Tenements, and on their contents at the rate of *one per cent per annum*, and to the extent of £10,000 on each separate building.
A Building and its contents taken together form *one risk.* Thus the above sum may be underwritten on a Building alone, or on the contents alone, or part on the Building and part on the contents.
Assurances for Six months will be charged *three-fourths, and for* Three months *one-half of the annual rate.*
No Assurance is to be considered in force until the premium be paid.
Parties applying for Assurances will pleaseend in full particulars of the Risk to be taken; any deviation from which, without the consent of the Company, will vitiate the Policy.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents in Shanghae.
tf Shanghae, 2d June, 1860.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above named Company, at this Port are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of £10,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf Shanghai, 15th September, 1858.

NETHERLANDS INDIAN MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.
THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the Company in China, are prepared to grant Insurance on ORDINARY MARINE RISKS to *Europe, United States, India*, the Straits, Java, or the Colonies, at the Rates of Premium current with the Local Offices. *Policies payable in* LONDON, HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, and BATAVIA.
TURNER & Co.
tf Shanghai, 13th February, 1857

FOR SALE.

GIESLER'S Creaming Champagne.
Port, *Sherry, &c., &c.*
SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
tf Shanghai, 16th September, 1859.

FOR SALE.

BENSON'S WATCHES AND CLOCKS.
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT, TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Opinions of the London Press upon Benson's Great Clock and Watches in the Exhibition, 1862.

"As a sample of English clock-work on a large scale, the works of this are probably the finest finished that have ever been seen in this country. No Chronometer could be fitted with more perfect or carefully-adjusted mechanism."—*Times*, June 11, 1862.

"A triumph of ingenuity."—*Telegraph*, March 31, 1862.

"A more splendid and exquisitely-finished piece of mechanism we have never seen."—*Standard*, June 17, 1862.

"Some of them are of great beauty; and if the English watch-trade only follow up with the same spirit and success this first attempt to compete with foreigners in decorative watches, there seems to be no reason why we should not get the trade entirely into our own hands."—*Times*, June 23, 1862.

"Ranged around the base of the clock were the Watches which Mr. Benson exhibited, and which have been universally admired for the beauty and elegance of the designs engraved upon them. The movements are of the finest quality which the art of horology is at present capable of producing. The clock and watches were objects of great attraction, and well repaid the trouble of an inspection."—*Illustrated London News*, November 8, 1862.

WATCHES, adapted for every class, climate, and country, whole-sale and retail. Chronometer, Duplex, Lever, Horizontal, Vertical, Repeating, Centre Seconds, Keyless, Astronomical, Reversible, and Chronograph, from 200 guineas to 3 guineas each.

CLOCKS.—Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Library, Hall, Staircase, Bracket, Carriage, Chime, Musical, Astronomical, Church Turret, Stable, Railway, Post-office, Shop, Warehouse, Office, or Counting-house, from 1,000 guineas to £1. 1s. each.

Benson's London Made Watches.	Gold Cases. Open Face.	Gold Cases. Hunters.	Silver Cases. Open Face.	Silver Cases. Hunters.
	£ s.	£ s.	£ s.	£ s.
Patent Lever, jewelled..	12 12	15 15	5 5	6 6
Do. do. 4 jewels.....	16 16	19 19	7 10	8 10
Do. do. finely finished, [6 jewels...	19 19	23 0	8 10	9 10
Do. do. extra, 8 jewels..	24 0	27 0	9 10	10 10
¾ Plate Lever, jewelled.	15 15	18 18	8 0	10 10
Do. do. 6 jewels.....	19 19	23 0	10 10	11 11
Do. do. 8 jewels.....	24 0	27 0	12 12	13 13
Do. do. extra, 10 jewels.	28 0	32 0	17 17	18 11
Do. do. do.	32 0	36 0	21 0	23 0

BENSON'S INDIAN WATCH.—A first-class London made Lever, Compensation-balance, adjusted for hot climates:—
Silver Cases, Open Face.....£11 11 0
" " " " Hunters....£12 12 0
Gold Cases, Open Face.....£25 0 0
" " " " Hunters....£30 0 0
FOREIGN WATCHES WARRANTED.—Silver Cases, at £3. 3s., £4 4s., £5. 5s., £6. 6s. each.
Ditto—Gold Cases, £5. 5s., £7. 7s., £9. 9s., £12. 12s. each.

BENSON'S ILLUSTRATED WATCH PAMPHLET,
Which can be obtained at the office of this paper, or will be sent Post free for six Stamps, contains a short History of Watchmaking, with description and prices of every kind of Watch now made, and from which merchants and others can select and have their orders sent safe by post to India, the Colonies, or any part of the world.
Post-office Orders, Bank-rs' Drafts, or Bills upon London Houses must be made payable and addressed to
JAMES W. BENSON,
WATCH & CLOCK MANUFACTORY,
33 & 34, *LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.*
ESTABLISHED 1749.
24ju 317 Dec. 24, 1863.

FOR SALE.
NEW Books of the season Exported, after circulation in London, from the United Libraries, 307, Regent Street, on the following Terms:—
100 Volumes of Popular WORKS of FICTION.....£5 5 0
100 Volumes, consisting of the best order of FICTION, VOYAGES, and TRAVELS.....10 10 0
100 Volumes, selected from the best WORKS in HISTORY, BIOGRAPHY, and FICTION.....21 0 0
Lists prepared, or selections carefully made if entrusted to the *Firm.*
Agency for Newspapers, Periodicals, and all objects connected with Science, Literature, or Art. Periodical Supplies to Regimental Libraries. Clubs, &c., on advantageous terms, for cash, or bills payable in London.
BOOTH'S CHURTON'S, HODGSON'S, and SAUNDERS, & OTLEY'S UNITED LIBRARIES, and General Agents, 307, Regent Street, London, W., next the Royal Polytechnic Institution. Established 1786.
19fe 335 2nd January, 1864.

WORKS ON SALE.
At the Presbyterian Mission Press.
BROWN'S COLLOQUIAL JAPANESE or Conversational Sentences in English and Japanese, ...$6.00.
Martin's ANTLITICAL READER, a Short Method for Learning the Chinese written Language, ...$4.00.
Culbertson's China or DARKNESS IN THE FLOWERY LAND, ...$1.00.
Hernlss's Guide to Conversation in the English and Chinese Languages, ...$3.00.
Macgowan's Phrases in the Shanghai Dialect, ...$5 00.
27ju-64 163 Shanghai, 27th June, 1863.

FOR SALE.
SHERRY Yasi's in 2 & 3 doz. cases, Tls. 8 p. dozt
Port, " " " " 8 "
Champagne, in 1 " " " 12 "
Claret, (Barton & Guestier's) St. Julien, in 1-doz. cases, " 8 "
Medoc, 1 " " 5 "
Cognac Brandy, 1 " " 10 "
do. do. 1 " " 6 "
India Pale Ale, 4 " casks " 2 "
CHAPMAN, KING & Co.
tf 223 Shanghai, 12th September, 1863.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAUCE.—LEA AND PERRINS'
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
PRONOUNCED
BY
CONNOISSEURS
TO BE THE
ONLY GOOD SAUCE AND APPLICABLE
TO
Every Variety of
DISH.
Extract of a Letter from a medical gentleman at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851.
"Tell Lea and Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

CAUTION.

LEA AND PERRINS
Beg to caution the public against spurious imitations of their celebrated
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
L. & P. have discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the name of L. and P. *forged.*
L. and P. will proceed against any one who may manufacture or vend such imitations, and have instructed their correspondents in the various parts of the world, to advise them of any infringement of their rights.
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.
*** Sold Wholesale and for Export, by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL; Messrs. Barclay and Sons, London; &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.
31de 318 Dec. 24, 1863.

To prevent spurious imitations, please to observe that the words
"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES"
are engraven on the Government Stamp of each Box, without which none are genuine.
KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES,
FOR HALF A CENTURY this well-known remedy for Pulmonary Disorders has successfully stood the test of public approval, and their usefulness has been extended to every clime and country of the civilized world. They may be found alike on the gold-fields of Australia, the back-woods of America, in every important place in the East or West Indies, and the place of Pekin. During this long period they have withstood the pretensions of numerous inferior rivals, and are now the acknowledged antidote for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, &c
Prepared and sold in Boxes, Tins, and Bottles of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c, 79, St Paul's Churchyard, London. Sold Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World.
Sold in Shanghai by
J. LLEWELLYN & Co.
"Medical Hall."
27fe 256 Shanghai, Oct. 17th, 1863.

A. MARKS & Co.,
Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
YOKOHAMA,
JAPAN.
tf 264 Yokohama, 5th October, 1863.

JOSHUA JOSEPH AND SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES
SUITABLE FOR THE HOME & FOREIGN MARKETS
13, SKINNER STREET, SNOW HILL,
LONDON.
20w 255 Oct. 17th, 1863.

J. KEARNY RODGERS,
GENERAL BROKER,
(In Ships, Land, Merchandize, &c.)
Office (公利 "*Kong Ho*") in Foochow Road, Next door to Messrs. HALL & HOLTZ'S premises.
tf 119 Shanghai, 9th May, 1863.

MCKENZIE & CO.,
Ship Chandlers, Store-keepers, and Provisioners,—Soda Water, and Lemonade Manufacturers.
YANG-KING PANG,
SHANGHAI.

WHITFIELD & KINGSMILL,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS.
New Iron
Orders received for Machinery and Iron work of all descriptions to be executed in England under the superintendence of an Experienced Civil Engineer and Machinist.
tf 34 Shanghai, 23d January, 1863.

S. C. WOODRUFF,
Shipchandler, Storekeeper, and General Agent.
THE BUND, HONG-QUE,
SHANGHAI.
my-64 May 10th. 1862.

HALL & HOLTZ,
SHIP CHANDLERS, STOREKEEPERS AND BAKERS,
BREAD AND BISCUITS.
SHANGHAE.

W. M. MORGAN & CO.,
Brokers, Commission Agents, and Auctioneers,
D'AGUILAR STREET,
tf HONGKONG.

Wm. DATO and Co.,
GENERAL STORE-KEEPERS, WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
SHANGHAI.
Yang-king-pang, Corner of Rue Montauban.
tf Shanghai, 4th April, 1862.

[*Edited by* R. ALEXANDER JAMIESON
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(Daily 17th Feb.)

THE most valuable results may confidently be expected from the united action of the Consuls of the treaty powers. The minutes of each Consular meeting furnish us with discussions on subjects of general interest, which could not be satisfactorily treated of by any Consul acting in perfect independence of his colleagues. The Chinese authorities are thus led to understand that no purely selfish element enters into the claims made upon them; but that the rights demanded will, if granted, conduce to the general welfare of the foreign mercantile community, and will indirectly tend to the aggrandisement of the port, and to an increase in the importance of the local officials. At the last Meeting, held on the 15th instant, the matters which came under consideration were of the greatest importance, and demanded perfect unanimity in the gentlemen who assembled to consult upon them. It will be seen that the subjects deliberated upon were—first, the cession to the Municipal Council of the right to exercise jurisdiction over unrepresented foreigners,—secondly, the establishment of a Court for the trial of Chinese suspected of having committed minor criminal offences within the settlements, —and thirdly, the right of foreigners to purchase land at Soochow. With regard to the first of these subjects, the Chairman announced that the native officials had granted to the Municipal Council the right of trying nationals of unrepresented powers who may bring themselves within the grasp of the law. This concession is a matter for congratulation, as the requirements of justice will thus be strictly enforced, while the possibility of Europeans being subjected to the inhuman tortures practised by the Chinese, will be diminished. In order, however, to carry out this design in a satisfactory manner, it will be necessary to secure the services of a properly qualified police magistrate. Such an officer should be possessed of sufficient legal knowledge to guide him in delicate cases, while at the same time he ought to possess considerable experience in dealing with criminals of the class likely to be brought before him. An incompetent or inexperienced magistrate would, to a certainty, involve the Municipal Council in an inextricable maze of judicial confusion, and render the important step now taken utterly worthless. We are, as yet, in the dark as to the arrangements contemplated by the Consuls when handing over this right of trial to the Municipal Council. We know not over how large a district surrounding Shanghai the jurisdiction thus granted may extend. The despatch from the Consuls to the Futai does not specify with any distinctness whether subjects of unrepresented powers arrested in the interior while in the act of committing outrages are to be transmitted to the foreign authorities. It simply provides that such men arrested for crime in Shanghai, or found travelling without passports in the country at a distance of more than one hundred li from a recognised port, are to be given up to the Municipal Council. Foreigners do not generally, so far as we can discover, travel much in the interior. It might, therefore, be as well to demand that all subjects whether of treaty or of non-treaty powers, found either travelling without passports, or in the act of committing outrages, should be transmitted to Shanghai for trial and punishment. We notice that the Futai provides that

The honorable Consuls should transmit to the Municipal Council the power (on behalf of the Chinese Government) of holding jurisdiction on such persons; supervision being at the same time maintained by the Consular body.

It would seem from this that the police Court, should such be constituted, is in no respect to be independant of the Consulates, or rather of the congress of Treaty Consuls. The number of arrests made within a month is very small. We should therefore imagine that the ends of justice would be attained with more certainty, were unrepresented offenders to be brought before the monthly Consular meeting, and summarily dealt with. The Consuls are of course competent to deal with such cases. Their professional education has fitted them to sit in judgment on offenders of every class. But it would be absurd to invest any man, except one properly qualified by education and experience, with the power of pronouncing a decision from which there should be no appeal. In order that the system which it is proposed to adopt should work well, it would be necessary that all cases should be summarily dealt with, and this power could not with propriety be granted to any but competent men. It would seem therefore that the alternative is either that the services of a well qualified magistrate, who ought to be possessed of a legal education, be obtained, or that the Consuls consider their monthly meeting as a Petty Sessions Court for adjudication in criminal cases wherein subjects of unrepresented powers appear as defendants.

(Daily 18th February.)

WE were glad to observe among the subjects discussed at the last meeting of Consuls, the question as to jurisdiction over Chinese residents within the foreign settlements. As usual, Messrs Seward and Markham are to be the active agents in the negociations with the local authorities; but are to be "careful not to commit the Consuls or the Land Renters to any definite policy." What may be the meaning of this reservation we do not pretend to fathom. The subject is not a very abstruse one, nor are any grave political complications likely to arise in the course of its discussion, which would render the above caution necessary. The object, we presume, is to induce the Futai to cede, either to the Consuls or to the Municipal Council, the right of jurisdiction over Chinese residents in the foreign settlements, in criminal matters. What "definite policy" the Consuls are afraid of being committed to with regard to these criminals, is, we repeat, beyond our comprehension. However, Messrs. Seward and Markham are not likely to feel themselves much hampered by the restriction; inasmuch as it is difficult to conceive how the negociation can assume a form to which it will be applicable. We have already several times taken occasion to point out the advisability of securing from the Chinese, if possible, the cession of the right to adjudicate on Chinese criminals, and to inflict the punishments awarded. There is no doubt that, at present, a number of the Natives sent in to the Taotai, either never reach him, or are set at liberty without proper trial or punishment. They are residents in the foreign settlement, and not likely to annoy the districts in the tranquility of which the Taotai is specially interested; therefore, he cares little whether they be in prison or at large. The question as to their guilt or innocence is oftenest settled by some of his subordinates, who are guided in their decisions by the extent of the bribe offered for an acquittal. Thus, the actual supervision over the Chinese criminals is nearly as lax as that over the rowdy portion of the foreign population. In the case of the one, the nominal right of jurisdiction exists, but the native executive is both weak and unwilling; while in the latter, the officials who alone have power to interfere have no means of doing so, and the Municipal Council, which has the executive force, has not the right. An important step has been taken to remedy one of these evils by procuring from the Futai the cession of the right to adjudicate over subjects of foreign nations who have no consular representative; though we fail to gather from the correspondence published, to which Municipal Council the right has been ceded. We sincerely trust that Messrs. Seward and Markham will be equally fortunate in obtaining from His Excellency the concession which alone can remedy the other evil.—After the right to adjudicate has been secured, the question will arise as to the modes of punishment to be adopted, and the lodging of the criminals. A project has, we believe, been mooted for employing them on the roads in the settlement, in chain gangs, and this is probably the best scheme that could be devised. The punishment is appropriate, and some return will be yielded for the trouble of looking after the prisoners, by the saving to the Municipality in the cost of labour. It will be far more satisfactory to an individual whose house has been broken into, to know that the culprit can be seen making amends for his crime by mending the municipal roads, than to learn that he has been consigned to the Taotai—after which the curtain drops, and nothing more is heard of his fate until a few days later he is seen walking the land, free, and to all appearance in as good repute as ever. The question remains as to where they are to be lodged. We are not aware of the exact amount of jail accommodation existing in the settlements, but are under the impression that it is barely sufficient to meet the present requirements, and certainly not adequate to accomodate a number of Chinese criminals, in addition to the prisoners now confined there. The American jail is so ricketty that important criminals are generally sent to the English Consulate for greater security; while the latter is so crowded that it can hardly be otherwise than unhealthy. We suspect it will be found necessary to erect another building; but this cost will be amply compensated by the greater security to property, which we expect will result from the improved arrangement for the punishment of criminals. It remains to be seen, however, whether the Futai will cede the right of jurisdiction; though we do not anticipate that he will offer much opposition to the scheme. The necessary details can easily be settled when his consent to the project has been obtained.

(Daily 20th Feb.)

WE extract from the *Times*, the following comments on Burgevine's statement that he cut-called the Taipings to destroy the mulberry trees and withdraw into the interior. The article, throughout, is written with a more just appreciation of the principles which rule in China, than most that appear in the English papers. It is evidently from the pen of some one acquainted with the country, and the character of its inhabitants.

In the news which from time to time comes to us from America and from China, we have profitable illustrations of the effects of two opposite extremes of vigour and imbecility. In America we see what will happen under the strongest Government society ever endured since the Reign of Terror, and in China we see the daily results of the weakest Government the world has witnessed since the period immediately preceeding that epoch. In America we may mark the perfection of physical force; in China we see a blind reliance upon the efficacy of moral suasion. In America the people, in the lust of conquest over their brethren, endure a dictator and suffer great armies, aspiring for nothing so much as for some successful soldier whom they may worship without a sense of degradation. In China the soldier is considered a mere instrument of violence, lightly esteemed and utterly despised. The people admire little and worship nothing; but they have especial contempt for any other influence than that subtle rule of right, which all Chinamen declare they ought to regard, but which only they who choose to do so practically follow. Both these different influences of force and doctrine seem, however, to produce, when left to work unaided, very much the same effects. Civil war, sanguinary battles, waste of life and labour, the contending ambitions of military leaders, and oppression to the individual in his person, his property, and his opinions, are the results alike of systems based upon unbridled power and upon pure reason.

The Taepings are very bad; they slaughter men, women, and children, and they torture the Tartars; sometimes, also, they burn cities when forced to leave them, and they are like locusts on the land, devouring everything upon it. But there was one atrocity they did not commit, and it remained to be taught them by a civilized soldier. They did not wantonly destroy the mulberry trees when they scattered themselves over the silk districts. Perhaps they had their reasons for this. Perhaps they dreaded the despair of the inhabitants, and even a Taeping might be supposed capable of an unwillingness to undertake a devastation which would be at the same time laborious and unprofitable. BURGEVINE, however, publicly announces that this was his plan of operations. He has published a long statement in the China papers as a defence to charges of drunkenness and violence brought against him by his own comrades, and in answer to imputations of treachery cast upon him both by Imperialists and rebels. In this paper he avows, and even insists, that it was because the Taepings refused to lend themselves to this diabolical design of destroying the industry of millions for twenty years, that he planned the enterprise of stealing the steamship that had been intrusted to his charge and going back to the Imperialists, from whom he had deserted. Yet this BURGEVINE when in the Imperial service was reported to be a well-mannered, quiet, determined man. If he had been placed in independent command with a given object assigned him, he might possibly have done great service to the cause of order in China, and might have run an honourable career. Unfortunately for him, he was but the mercenary soldier of a provincial Governor, who left his forces without pay or sustenance, and exercised a jurisdiction over him which thwarted all his plans. But no man is fit for such work as BURGEVINE undertook unless he can endure as well as achieve, and he has made, perhaps, the worst that could have been made of an originally false position. What he will now do, whether he will go back to the Imperial service, and serve again under some provincial Mandarin, is not of much importance. The only interest we take in his fortunes is the interest which attaches to him as an example of what must happen to every soldier of fortune who submits to take the position which, in Chinese estimation, is attached to a mere partisan chief. He must become either a pirate or a victim.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned, having been assured of the support of the Imperial and Consular Authorities, give notice that they do not hold the interests they represent responsible for any damage done by their steamers to vessels lying in the fair way, as defined by the Harbour Master, or within the berth at their buoys.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 209 Shanghai, August 28th, 1863.

NOTICE.

SHANGHAI DOCK COMPANY

E. HAWKINS, *Superintendent.*

THIS Company being now Proprietors of both Docks known as the OLD and NEW DOCKS give notice—

That the OLD or POINT DOCK is closed for enlargement, and cannot receive Vessels, until further notice.

The NEW or LOWER DOCK receives Ships of 24 feet draft and 230 feet length.

The Dock charge is Tl. 1.5. (one tael five mace) per Ton for one course of tide, and Tl. 1 (one tael) per Ton for an additional course.

The *Shipwright Work* on any vessel entering the Docks is open to general competition.

The Dock Company is not responsible for any debt incurred in the name of the Docks, unless the contract is signed by both the Superintendent and the Chairman of the Company.

All bills for Dockage must be receipted by Messrs. Russell & Co., Treasurers of the Company.

F. LOUREIRO,
Chairman.

tf Shanghai, 19th February, 1862.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS, &c.,
Free from Adulteration,
Manufactured by

Crosse and Blackwell,

Purveyors to the Queen,
21, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

Dr. HASSALL, the great Analytical Chemist, states in the *Lancet*, of February 4th, 1854, and in his Work on Food and its Adulterations, with reference to the Food Products chemically and microscopically examined by him.

"The *Samples* of Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL were entirely free from Copper."

Crosse and Blackwell's

manufactures, which from their great superiority have become so universally celebrated, are obtainable from every respectable Provision Dealer in all parts of the world. Purchasers should insist upon having C. & B.'s genuine articles when they ask for them, as it is not unusual for unscrupulous dealers to substitute inferior preparations.

C. & B. invite special attention to the following the quality of which is of the highest standard attainable.

PICKLES prepared in pure malt vinegar.
BOTTLED FRUITS for Tarts, Puddings, &c.
JAMS AND JELLIES, Marmalade, Fruits in Syrup, Crystalized Fruits. Prepared Calf's-feet and other table Jellies; Vanilla and other Creams.
PURE MUSHROOM CATSUP. Essence of Anchovies, Harvey's, Reading, Soho, Royal Table, and other choice Sauces. Essence of Coffee. Flavouring Essences. White Wine Vinegar. Durham Mustard.
SALAD OILS, the finest imported.
POTTED MEATS, Anchovy Paste, Bloater Paste. Patent Preserved Ham, Cheese, Bacon, &c. Oxford and Bologna Sausages. Yorkshire Game Patés, Yorkshire Pork Patés. Mackarel in Sauce, Kippered Herrings, Pickled Salmon in Bottles, Fried Eels, Herrings a la Sardines. Blackwall Whitebait, Fresh Oysters, Asparagus, and a great variety of other table requisites and delicacies, particulars of which will be found in their detailed Lists.

C. & B. are Special Agents for LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE PHILIPPE & CANAUD'S SARDINES, SOYER'S SAUCES, RELISH AND AROMATIC MUSTARD, CARSTAIRS' SIR ROBERT PEEL'S SAUCE, GRIMWADE'S DESSICCATED MILK, and for MASSON'S FRENCH CHOCOLATE.

To guard against frauds, consumers of C. & B.'s Preparations should purchase only from those dealers on whom they can fully rely; and should be particular to have all bottles and jars destroyed when empty, and the labels defaced. Every article sent from the Manufactory, bears on its label the address,

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,
Purveyors to the Queen,
21, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

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PROTECTION FROM FIRE!

PRIZE MEDAL. 1863. TRADE MARK. PRIZE MEDAL 1863.

BRYANT & MAY'S
PATENT SPECIAL SAFETY MATCHES,
Wax Vestas and Cigar Lights.

LIGHT ONLY ON THE BOX.

The Patent Safety Match affords an instantaneous light as readily as common matches, whilst it is ENTIRELY FREE FROM ALL THEIR DANGEROUS PROPERTIES.

Patent Safety Matches in neat slide boxes.

Patent Safety Vestas in paper slide boxes, and in japanned tin boxes of 100, 250, and 500.

BRYANT and MAY, Manufacturers of Wax Vestas in round plain boxes, and in japanned tin boxes of 50, 100, 150, 250, 500, and 1,000.

Sole Importers of Jonkopings Tandstickor (slide boxes).

All orders made payable in London will receive immediate attention.

WHITECHAPEL ROAD, LONDON, E.

2-w-o 239 Shanghai, October 2nd, 1863.
1 year 2oct-64

PRIZE MEDAL, 1862.
To Her Majest,'s Government.
MADRAS BOMBAY.
Mr. J. Higginbottom. Messrs. Smith, Taylor & Co.

TOULMIN & GALE,
Established One Hundred and Twenty-three Years.
MANUFACTURERS & EXPORTERS,
PATENT INDIAN DESPATCH BOXES
DRESSING CASES, TRAVELLING BAGS, &c.,
7 New Bond Street, W.

Manufactory—Sise Lane and Bucklersbury, City, E.C.
15ap o-a-f 257 London, Aug 15th, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned having a supply of PILES, TIMBER and other material suitable for Wharf-building, a Steam-pile-driving apparatus and an experienced Wharf-builder to superintend the same is prepared to furnish plans and estimates of cost, also to enter into contracts for the erection of Wharves.

ALBERT L. PHELMAN,
Hong-que, house adjoining HARD & Co.'s Wharf.

tf Shanghai, 30th October, 1862.

UNION DISPENSARY.

THE Undersigned begs to inform the community of Shanghai and Captains of Ships visiting this Port, that he has established himself as *Apothecary* in the above DISPENSARY.

G. MARTIN,
Apothecary.
Rue du Consulate,

tf 116 Shanghai, 1st May, 1863.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

AMMUNITION.

Eley's Ammunition

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

FOR SPORTING OR MILITARY PURPOSES:

Double Waterproof Central Fire caps, Felt Waddings to prevent the leading of Guns, Wire Cartridges for Killin Game, &c., at long distances, Breech Loading Cartridge Cases of superior quality for Shot Guns and Rifles.

Contractors to the War Department for Small Arms Ammunition.

Jacob's Rifle Shell Tubes, Cartriges and Caps for Colt's, Adams', and other Revolvers.

Enfield Rifle Ammunition, and Ball Cartridges,

for Whitworth and Henry's Rifles, also for Westly Richard's, Terry's, Wilson's, Prince's Deare's and other Breech Loaders.

Bullets of uniform weight made by compression from soft Refined Lead.

Eley Bros., Gray's-Inn, London, W.C.

25ju 162 Shanghai, 27th June, 1863.

TO PURCHASERS AND CONSUMERS OF COAL IN SHANGHAI.

HAVING been informed that Cargoes of Coal have been Shipped at Birkenhead and certified as

"WELSH HARTLEY COAL,"

we hereby give notice that the parties giving such certificates have no authority from us to do so, and that all Coal shipped by us is certified on the back of the Bills of Lading, as

"LAIRD'S WELSH HARTLEY STEAM COAL,"

and we further state that this is the only Coal of that name on the lists of the *Honourable East India Company*, and the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, and no certificate is genuine *unless signed* as under.

W. & H. LAIRD,
Birkenhead and Liverpool.
7ma-64 63 7th March, 1863.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAUTION.

Warren, Russell & Co.,

BLACKING, INK AND DYE MANUFACTURERS.

(Late of 30, Strand),

CAUTION THE PUBLIC against persons trading under similar names, and professing to be connected with them or their late Establishment at No. 30, Strand, their only Manufactory being—
REGENT WORKS:—REGENT STREET, VINCENT SQUARE, WESTMINSTER, LONDON, S. W.

23jy 355

NOTICE.

THE Chairman of the Shanghai Dock Company has directed the Undersigned to give Notice that any vessel or hulk lying within sixty fathoms of the entrance to either Dock, on a line drawn straight outwards into the river, and fifty fathoms on each side of such line, up and down the River, will be liable to be made fast to by vessels entering the Docks, and will be responsible for any damage, or collision caused by her position.

HAWKINS & Co.
tf 186 Shanghai, 21st July, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE ACCLIMATISATION SOCIETY OF VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA, are willing to make PURCHASES of such useful or ornaments, BIRDS, ANIMALS, and FISH, landed in Melbourne, as may meet the requirements of the Society.

W. H. ARCHER, *Hon. Sec.*

THE ARGUS GOLD PRIZE CUP.

THE ARGUS GOLD PRIZE CUP, of the value of One Hundred Pounds, for the year 1861, will be given to any one (unconnected with *The Argus or Yeoman* newspaper) who, within the *year ending 31st October, 1862, shall* INTRODUCE into the colony the most valuable or interesting ANIMAL, BIRD, or FISH, in sufficient numbers to *establish the breed.*

The decision to rest with the Council of the Acclimatisation Society, subject to the ratification of the Editor of *The Argus.*

Applications to be lodged with the Council of the Acclimatisation Society, before the 1st of December, 1862. 29fe

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Date	Vessels.	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captain.	From	Sailed	Cargo	Consignees.
Feb 12	Energie	Bre. bk	250	Krasel	Newcastle NSW	Dec 25	Coals	Siemssen and Co
.. 12	Titania	Ha. bk	320	Borgward	Saigon	Nov 1	Rice	Bourjau, Hubener & Co
.. 12	Emeralda	Nor. bk	450	Beck	Shields	Sept 25	Coals	Frazar and Co
.. 12	Fearless	A. ship	1184	Homans	Fuchau	Feb 4	Poles	Augustine Heard and Co
.. 12	Carthage	B. str.	500	Thomsen	Ningpo	.. 11	General	Jardine, Matheson & Co
.. 13	Welf	Ha. bk	299	Bahus	Cardiff		Coals	Siemssen and Co
.. 13	Aldebaran	Ha. bk	268	Prowse	Swatow		General	
.. 15	Shandon	B. str.	114	Lawrence	Ningpo			Moses and Co
.. 15	Fei-ma	B. str.	129	Buckland	do			Moses and Co
.. 15	Whampoa	B. str.	115	Buncombe	do	Feb 14		David Sassoon Sons & Co
.. 15	Ringdove [H M S			Brown	Chefoo	.. 11		
.. 15	Mengo [H I M corv.				Yokohama	.. 7		
.. 15	Kingsan	A. ship	450	Wills	Fuchau	.. 3	Poles	Frazar and Co
.. 15	Melita	A. schr	136	Barker	do	.. 8	Wood	Wm. Pustau and Co
.. 16	St. Julien	Fr bk	346	Nolte	Cardiff	Sept 10	Coals	Vaucher, Frères
.. 17	Mandarin	B. str.	90	Bissen	Ningpo			J. H. Wignall
.. 18	Emperor	B. str	106	Bissen	do			Jarvie, Thorburn and Co
.. 18	Governor General	B. str.	524	Bell	do			Dent and Co
.. 18	Pekin	B str.	750	Seames	Hongkong *	Feb 13	Mails, &c	E. Warden, Agt. P. & O. Co
.. 18	Mary Glover	A. ship	593	Hughes	Fuchau	.. 5	Sundries	Frazar and Co
.. 18	Volunteer	B. bark	418	Whitten	Swatow	.. 4	Sugar	Fletcher and Co
.. 18	Min	B. bark	628		London			Gilman and Co

* With Mails.

DEPARTURES.

From the anchorage.

Date.	Vessels.	Flag & Rig	Tons	Captain	Destination.	Cargo	Despatched by
Feb 12	Whampoa	B. str.	115	Buncombe	Ningpo		David Sassoon, Sons and Co
.. 13	Governor General	B. str.	524	Bell	do	Re-expts.	Dent and Co
.. 13	Kiang-se	A. str	574	Simmons	Hankow		Russell and Co
.. 13	*Georg*	Bre. sch	120	Schierloh	Hongkong	C'ton, &c	Kunst, Röhl and Co
.. 13	Lord Collingwood	B. bark	385	Barker	New York	Teas	Jarvie, Thorburn and Co
.. 15	Rover	A. bark	354	Stopher	Fuchau	Ballast	Wm. Pustau and Co
.. 15	William the IV.	B. str.	71	Canty	Chinkiang	do	David Reid
.. 15	Cleopatra	B. bark	192	Young	Yokohama	Re-expts.	Dow and Co
.. 15	Fei-ma	B. str.	129	Buckland	Ningpo	Stores	Moses and Co
.. 15	Zoe	B. brig	191	Cox	Bangkok	Ballast	Maitland Maclean and Co
.. 16	Providence	B. bark	316	Lee	Rangoon	do	Dow and Co
.. 16	Kien-shan [H I M S						
.. 16	Auld Reekie	B. schr	102	Stanford	Yokohama	Re-expts.	Lindsay and Co
.. 16	Albatros	Ha. bk	350	Keampffer	Suat	Ballast	Bourjau, Hubener and Co
.. 16	M. M. Peter	B. bark	400	Wilkie	London	Cotton	Dow and Co
.. 16	Whampoa	B. str	115	Batten	Ningpo	Opium	David Sassoon, Sons and Co
.. 16	Chekiang	A. str		Wadsworth	Hankow		Russell and Co
.. 16	Express	B. str	200	Castilla	do		Jardine, Matheson and Co
.. 16	*Fusi-Yama*	B. str.	2000	McQueen	do		Dent and Co
.. 17	Berlin	Pru. bg	258	Jellessin	Nagasaki		Russell and Co
.. 17	Chanticleer	B. str.	375	Wood	Hongkong	Tea, &c.	Turner and Co
.. 17	Swallow	Du. bg	323	Reiders	Taiwan	C'ton, &c	Bourjau, Hubener and Co
.. 18	Pluto	Chf. str			Ningpo		P. Conklin
.. 18	Mandarin	B. str.	90	Bissen	do	Ballast	J. H. Wignall
.. 18	Abbotsford	B. bark	527	Venus	Yokohama	Re-expts	Augustine Heard and Co
.. 18	Canton	B. bark	429	Leighton	Fuchau	Silk, &c.	A. R. Tilby and Co
.. 18	Carthage	B. str.	500	Thomson	Hongkong	Sundries	Jardine, Matheson and Co
.. 18	Emperor	B. str.	106	Todd	Ningpe	Ballast	Jarvie, Thorburn and Co
.. 18	Oscar	Da. bk	272	Thomson	Hongkong	do	Bourjau, Hubener and Co
.. 18	*Henry Harbeck*	A. ship	714	True	Guam	do	Frazar and Co

SHIPPING IN HARBOUR AND AT WOOSUNG, FEBRUARY 20, 1864.

MERCHANT STEAMERS.

Vessels.	Date of Arrival	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captains.	Consignees.	Destination.	Intended despatch
Anna	Aug 26	A. str.	62	Blanchard	H. Fogg and Co		
Argus	Jan 1	B. str.	161	Ashton	Shaw, Brothers and Co		
Bo-Peep	June14	A. str.	72	Cochran			
Bunker Hill	June11	A. str	63	Dobbyn	Augustine Heard and Co		
City of Nantes	Jan 21	B. str	204	Gibson	Dow and Co		
Confucius	Jan 29	Chl. str		Howes	P. Conklin		
Cricket	June 1	A. str.	81	McDonald			
Defiance	Aug 23	B. str.	114	Maddison	A. R. Tilby and Co	*Tug*	
Elfin	Dec 21	B. str	174	Thomas	Smith, Kennedy and Co		
Enterprise		A. str.	107	Draper	H. Fogg and Co		
Fire Dart	Feb 7	A. str	420	Armstrong	Augustine Heard and Co	H'kow & Ports	To-day
Gorilla		B. str.	83	McColl	E. A. Reynolds		
Governor General	Feb 15	B. str.	524	Bell	Dent and Co	Ningpo	To-day
Hydaspe	Dec 21	Fr str	650	Armstrong	Messageries Imperiales	Hongkong	To-day
Illawarra	Jan 13	B. str.	166	Torckler	Nicol Latimer and Co		
Island Queen	Feb 1	B. str.	120	Sutherland	F. R. Gamwell	T'tsin & Chefoo	21st inst
Little Orphan	June 8	A. str.	160	Benning	Augustine Heard and Co		
Louisa	Dec 19	A. str	80	Pearson			
Martin White				Parkes	A. L. Freeman	*Tug*	
Nepaul	Feb 5	B. str.	541	Wilkinson	E. Warden, Agent P. and O. Co	Yokohama	sld 19 inst
Pekin	Feb 18	B. str.	750	Seames	E. Warden, Agent P. and O. Co	Hongkong *	24th inst
Powerful	Dec 19	Ha. str	50	Koch	Wm. Pustau and Co		
Peyang	Feb 1	A. str	827	Bryant	Olyphant and Co		
Rose	June26	A. str					
St. Theodosius	Sept 21	Rus. str	312	Stenroos	Augustine Heard and Co		

* With Mails for Europe.

MERCHANT STEAMERS.—*Continued.*

Vessels.	Date of Arrival	Flag & Rig	Tons	Captain.	Consignees.	Destination.	Intended despatch
Shandon	Feb 15	B. str	114	Lawrence	Moses and Co	Ningpo	
Stork	Sept 22	B str					
Sycee	May 30	— str					
Sze-chuen	Jan 29	A. str.	547	McCombe	Russell and Co	H'kow & Ports	To-day
Tah-wah	Feb 19	A. str.	145	Lovett			
Fa-Yung	Jan 1	B. str	131	Lawrence	Shaw, Brothers and Co	*Tug*	
Titan		B. str.		Cockeram	W. R. Adamson and Co	*Tug*	
Teatlee	Feb 19	A. str.	60	Stoffels	Russell and Co		
Waratah	Feb 9	B. str.	256	Harris	Moses and Co		
Willamette	Jan 19	Chl. str		Frand			

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MERCHANT VESSELS.

Vessels.	Date of Arrival	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captain.	Consignees.	Destination.	Intended despatch
Advance	Feb 1	B. ship	522	Campbell	A. Ellissen and Co		
Alavesa	Jan 11	Spa. sh	501	Dolaran	Phillips, Moore and Co		
Aldebaran	Feb 12	Ha. bk	268	Prowse			
Annie E. Sherwood	Jan 21	A. bark	509	Thompson	Frazar and Co		
Antelope	Nov 16	B. ship	1186	Hall	Frazar and Co	Liverpool	sld 19 inst
Areus	Feb 2	— sh					
Asuncion	Feb 1	Spa. bk	270	Jamecho	Phillips Moore and Co		
Batanga	Feb 7	Spa. bk	375	Sagatte	Phillips, Moore and Co		
Bentinck	Jan 2	B. bark	100	Thomas	Dow and Co	Liverpool	Early
Ben Voirlich	Feb 2	A. ship	600	Jenkins	Fletcher and Co		
Berdinka	Jan 1	B. brig	250	Bray	*Gibb, Livingston and Co*	*Liverpool*	*Early*
Bertie	Jan 12	B. bark	473	Braithwaite	Kha Mohamed Habibboy	Liverpool	Early
Bessie Stanton	Jan 21	B. bark	355	Scobey	Russell and Co	Hakodadi	To-day
Blackburn	Jan 9	B. ship	800		Shaw, Brothers and Co	Liverpool	Early
Brandenburg	Nov 2	Pru. sh	1111		Siemssen and Co		
Cambodia	Feb 5	B. ship	811	Paige	Bourjau, Hubener and Co		
Camilla	Feb 3	B. bark	508	Jeffrey	Dow and Co		
Copingmoen	Jan 24	B. bark	535	*Rogers*	*Russell and Co*		
Carl	Feb 2	Ha. bk	320	Heuer	Siemssen and Co		
Catalpa	Nov 22	A. bark	260	Stevens	Allen and Co		
Ceres	Jan 31	A. bark	398	Spense	Wheelock and Co	Ningpo	sld 17 inst
Chance	Dec 16	B. bark	725	Doswell	*Alfred Wilkinson and Co*		
Child of the Ocean	Feb 5	B. schr			Newbery, Elliot and Co	Nagasaki	To-day
Cobang	Jan 24	B. bark	506	Acker	A. R. Tilby and Co	Nagasaki	Early
Cornelissen	Feb 1	Du. bk	696		Jarvie, Thorburn and Co		
Delaware	Dec 16	A. bark	506	Gregg	Frazar and Co		
Der Fuchs	Feb 7	Ha. bk	360	Fuchs	Wm. Pustau and Co		
Dorchester	Aug 21	A. bark	422	Fulton	Frazar and Co		
Dublin	Feb 5	A. ship	596	Crowell	Olyphant and Co		
Dunkeld	Jan 20	B. ship	700	McGregor	Shaw, Brothers and Co	Liverpool	Early
E. F. Willetts	Jan 12	A. ship		Williams	Olyphant and Co		
Egean	Feb 2	B. bark	307	Robertson	Dow and Co	New York	Early
Electra	Feb 4	B. ship	606	Woodgate			
Ellen	Jan 31	A. bark	452	Mathews	J. Kearney Rodgers		
Emeralda	Feb 12	Nor bk	450	Beck	Frazar and Co		
Emily W. Seyburn	Feb 10	A. schr	300	Nye	H. Fogg and Co		
Encarnation	Jan 15	Spa. bk	475	Monso	Phillips, Moore and Co	Amoy, Manila	Early
Endeavour	Oct 25	A. ship	1137	Doane	Holt, Purdon and Co		
Energie	Feb 12	Bre. bk	250	Krasel	Siemssen and Co		
Express	Jan 9	B. ship	711	Bell	Gibb, Livingston and Co		
Fearless	Feb 12	A. ship	1184	Homans	Augustine Heard and Co		
Fiery Cross	Feb 5	B. ship		Robinson	Jardine, Matheson and Co		
Fort William	Dec 30	B. ship	765		Dadabhoy and Co	Liverpool	Early
General Morgan	Aug 25	A. schr	138	Wheeler	Frazar and Co		
George Ruxton	Dec 7	B. bark	352	Beadle	Trautmann and Co		
Georges	Feb 4	A. ship	791	Williams	H. Fogg and Co		
Georgiana	July 28	Fr. ship	466		Trautmann and Co	Coal Hulk	
Gertrude	Nov 30	B. ship	765		Ange and Co		
Glengairn	Jan 23	B. ship	894	Garrioch	Smith, Kennedy and Co	Liverpool	Early
Gustav & Wilhelm	Feb 6	Ha. bg	104	Erichsen	T. Kroes and Co	Amoy	sld 19 inst
Harvest Queen	Jan 21	A. bark	315	Ellery	Wheelock and Co		
Harwood	Jan 31	B. bark	462	Nixon	Hooper and Co		
Hellespont	Jan 24	A. ship	1006		Order		
Hero	Feb 9	B. brig	111	Brodhurst	Allen and Co		
Heversham	Nov 25	B. bark	489	Pearse	H. Fogg and Co		
Indus	Jan 24	B. bark		Lawrence	A. R. Tilby and Co		
J. W. Seaver	Oct 13	A. bark	259	Snow	Augustine Heard and Co		
James Miller	Jan 20	A. schr	411	Carbonett	Augustine Heard and Co		
Japonica	Jan 20	B. schr	211	Darke	Dow and Co	Hongkong	23d inst
Jas Lawrence	Dec 4	A. schr	213	Rostford	Wm. Pustau and Co		
Johanna Maria	Feb 8	Da. bk	240	Petersen	Gilman and Co		
Julie	Feb 6	Fr bk	450		Order		
Kaffir Chief	Feb 9	B. brig	186	Morriss	Bourjau, Hubener and Co		
Keoka	Nov 20	A. schr	247	Cavanagh	H. Fogg and Co		
Kingsan	Feb 15	A. ship	450	Wills	Frazar and Co		
Kirkconnel	Jan 22	B. bark	253	Hunter	Gilman and Co	Yokohama	sld 18 inst
Kirkland	Feb 10	B. bark	453	Colledge	Lindsay and Co		
Kite	Dec 21	B. brig	188	Le Blanc	Bourjau, Hubener and Co	Hongkong	Early
Lady Ebrington	Jan 26	B. bark	415	Pill	Dow and Co	Yokohama	To-day
Lauderdale	Jan 21	B. ship	851	Hutchings	Jardine, Matheson and Co		
La Serena	Feb 3	B. ship	330	Beal	Johnson and Co		
Lucy E. Ashby	Jan 13	A. bark	340	Ashby	Dent and Co		
Macassar	Jan 13	Ha. bk	406	Bohm	Wm. Pustau and Co		
Madge	Feb 9	B. schr	186	Adams	Russell and Co		
Magenta	Aug 19	B. ship	826	Janurin	Russell and Co		
Maggie McLean	Feb 9	B. bark	380	Steward	Dow and Co		
Magnet	Feb 10	B. ship	700	King	Allen and Co		
Mahe	Jan 24	B. ship	547	Merrielees	Nicol Latimer and Co		
Mary Capen	Feb 7	A. brig	200	Abbott	Frazar and Co	Yokohama	24th inst
Mary Glover	Feb 18	A. ship	593	Hughes	Frazar and Co		
Mary Rose	Jan 18	Sia. bk	450	Picker	*Wheelock and Co*		
Matador	Jan 24	Ha. bk	310	Johnson	Gilman and Co		
May Flower	Feb 8	B. ship	836	Keer	Gilman and Co	Liverpool	Early
Melbourne	Aug 29	B. bark	594	Smith	Shaw, Brothers and Co	Coal Hulk	
Melita	Feb 15	A. schr	136	Barker	Wm. Pustau and Co		
Mercara	Nov 30	B. bark	396	Robbin	Blain Tate and Co	New York	sld 19 inst
Min	Feb 18	B. ship	628		Gilman and Co		
Morning Star	*Jan 26*	B. brig	450	Grant	Frazar and Co		
Mosquito	Jan 22	Ha. bg	242	Mell	Wm Pustau and Co		
Netherby	Feb 4	B. ship	944	Hulman	Smith, Kennedy and Co		
Ngapubi	May 9	B. ship	843		Harbor Master	Hulk	
Nimrod	Mar 3	B. bark	262		Cowie and Co		
Orion	Nov 30						
P. C. Kinch	Jan 25	Da. bk	420	Paulsen	Siemssen and Co	Hongkong	Early
Pacific	Jan 30	A. bark	450	Morse	Clark and Co		
Penguin	Jan 20	A. schr	483	Brereton	Olyphant and Co		
Philip I	Aug 10	A. bark	293	Oakman			
Phillipine	Jan 26	B. bark	290	Sunderson	Gibb, Livingston and Co		
Podesta	Feb 6	Ha. bk	356	Anglehack	Siemssen and Co	Swatow	sld 19 inst
Palmaise	Dec 4	B. ship	835	Butler	Jardine, Matheson and Co	Liverpool	Early
Pons Ælii	Aug 20	B. bark	401	Brackenbole	A. R. Tilby and Co	Coal Hulk	
President Harbitz	Feb 10	Nor. bk	317	de Ohe	Bourjau, Hubener and Co		
Ravensworth	Jan 24	B. bark		Kamin	Trautmann and Co		
Rolla	Feb 10	B. brig	144	Dabin	Wm. Pustau and Co		
Rosa	Jan 12	Bel. bg	211	Brarens	Newbery, Elliot and Co	Hongkong	Early
Ruthven	Jan 21	A. ship	905	Williams	Bourjau, Hubener and Co		
St. Julien	Feb 15	Fr bk	346	Nolte	Vaucher, Frères		
St. Paul	Dec 16	A. ship	1053	Crowell	Olyphant and Co		
Salacia	Jan 25	B. bark	423	Johnson	Dent and Co		
Samuel	Feb 2	B. bark	426		Shaw, Brothers and Co	London	Early
Samuel Russell	Dec 5	A. ship		Winchell	Olyphant and Co		
Samuel Stoddart	Aug 22				David Reid	Coal Hulk	
Sarah Newman	Dec 25	A. ship		Cobb	Russell and Co		
Sea Bird	Nov 30	A. bark	200	Weston	*Frazar and Co*		
Sea Nymph	Feb 3	B. ship	561	Fleming	A. R. Tilby and Co		
Sea Witch	Jan 21	B. bark	373	Hughes	David Sassoon, Sons and Co		
Simoda	Jan 15	B. ship	646	Drysdale	Dow and Co	Liverpool	Early
Speedy	Feb 9	B. brig	201	Tatchell			
Spes	Feb 9	B. ship	396	Howison	Dow and Co		
Spirit of the North	Jan 26	B. bark	650	Holliday	Smith, Kennedy and Co	London	Early
Swatow	Dec 19		250	Smith	Chinese		
T. G. Bunker	Jan 25	A. bark	450	Coper	Russell and Co		
Tehapou	Aug 19	Fr bg	145	Guimbertean	Vaucher *Frères*		
Theo & Lulu	Jan 30	Da. bk	250	Wolsdorff	Gilman and Co	Newchwang	Early
Therese Auguste	Feb 5	Da. bg	163	Hendietzer	Siemssen and Co		
Thos. & Rebecca	Jan 10	B. bark	306	Chapman	Order		
Titania	Feb 12	Ha. bk	320	Borgward	Bourjau, Hubener and Co		
Tycoon	Jan 22	B. bark	271	Bundle	A. R. Tilby and Co	Nagasaki	Early
Vanda	Jan 21	B. bark	353	Carne	Maitland, Maclean and Co	Hongkong	To-day
Victory	Jan 10	B. ship	595	Moon	Wheelock and Co		
Volunteer	Feb 18	B. bark	418	Whitton	Fletcher and Co		
W. W. Smith	Feb 8	B. ship	661	Harris	Holliday, Wise and Co		
Welf	Feb 13	Ha. bk	299	Bahus	Siemssen and Co		
Wild Rover	Jan 15	A. ship	1138	Rogers	Augustine Heard and Co		

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